Entered at the Postoffice at Berea, Ky., as second

Devoted to the interests of the Mountain People

Knowledge is Power-and the way to keep up with modern Knowledge is to read a good Newspaper.

Vol. XX.

Five Cents Per Copy.

BEREA, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, JULY 18, 1918

One Dollar and Fifty Cents Per Year.

No. 3.

The Biggest Fight Against Germany

The biggest fight for beating Germany is the fight to stop the whiskey business here at home.

The people who make money selling whiskey and beer try to deceive us. But the prohibition of saloons will do these things for victory:

1. Save good grain for food.

2. Set free labor and transportation now used for liquor for munitions and legitimate business.

3. Make officers and men more fit for victorious

Do You Use the Post Office?

The Post Office is one of the biggest things Uncle Sam keeps up for our benefit.

It is like a good turnpike or a flying machine from the cabin at the head of the hollow straight to Berea, and to Chicago, and to Washington and to our brave boys Somewhere in France!

It is good to live on the old home place-to breath the mountain air, to drink the mountain water, to hear the bird's voices in the morning and the cowbells at night.

But the Post Office keeps us in touch with the world outside. The Citizen brings us the news, and the thoughts of preachers and statesmen and folks that are studying on improved farming and improved housekeeping. And through the Post Office we can do buisness in Berea or in Chicago, sending our Post Office order and getting the things we want right back by parcel post.

Winning the War by Saving

We intend to win this war, and put the Germans where they will have to behave.

We are sending our dear brave boys over there to fight.

But fighters must be fed.

And the big cannon must be fed.

The air-planes and the submarine chasers and the transports cost big money, and the folks that are making these things can't be making fancy shoes and stylish rigs for us who stay at home.

We mountain people have always been pretty sensible about these things, and now that we are getting more than we used to get for our cattle and our lumber and our labor we must just keep on being sensible, and go without the things we don't need. Save our money, and we shall be getting rich ourselves and helping to win the war at the same time.

Big Meeting in Berea Sunday

College chapel on Sunday morning ed that our hope of a future existand was largely attended. Flags of ence is grounded in the very nature the allied nations were displayed of man-that we believe it because and the large service flag of the the Bible reveals it and the Bible College hung in its place.

the meaning of the day and its ori- nature of things. Paris.

Dr. Felton, sang the Marseillaise, now.

CONTENTS

A union service was held in the sermon on "Eternal Life." He showreveals it because it is a matter of President Frost spoke briefly of common truth, inevitable in the

gin in the opening of the great Eternal life is not a matter of French Revolution of 1789, when duration alone, nor yet of happiness. prisoners were released from the It is rather an experience of union . Bastile, a strong national prison in with God, thru Jesus Christ. It is not something into which we enter A choir from the different when this life is done, but somechurches, under the leadership of thing which may begin here and

such a discourse from a noted pose of preventing the rise in the that our granaries are likely to over-Dr. Frank W. Gunsaulus of Chicago, preacher and to join in the observ- price of sugar. This Corporation flow, and the anxiety of the nations in Kentucky on a lecture course for ance of the National Independence will be able to draw on Government arrayed against Germany with regard Chautauqua, was spending the day Day of our ally, France. The day funds to the extent of five billions to their food supply has been relieved.

PAGE 1. Editorials .- Items of Kentucky.-Recent War News. PAGE 2. Letter From Edwin R. Embree.-Newsy Items on Various Topics .- A Hint for Drink ing Men.

PAGE 3. Serial: "Over the Top." PAGE 4. Locals.

PAGE 5. News From Washington

on Recent Legislation. PAGE 6. A Message to Wheat ruption. We covet your continued bers of Corn and Potato Clubs .- as it can be made. Good Road Hints.-Red Cross Notes.—Berea College Ads.

PAGE 7. S. S. Lesson .- A Sermon on Sound Doctrine,-Short Story,-Handiwork for Boys.

PAGE 8. Eastern Kentucky News. Christian Church Convention.

Constellation Lore.

Constellation lore reflects the character of the people who make it. The Egyptians peopled the sky with symbols of their daily thoughts, and the Persians, Greeks, and Romans, coming after, changed the Egyptian constellations to agree with their lives and beliefs. In this manner, during many centuries, some of the original few cases only a name remained as bury. sociated with certain groups of stars.

We wish to call your attention to the many and varied items of interest in our columns this week. bill which gives power to the of experience a readjustment which We were obliged to raise the subscription rate to \$1.50 the first of the month, but we shall endeavor to make The Citizen so interesting sult of the recent strike among the that you will consider it worth the higher rate, and more too.

If your subscription expires in the near future, will you not plan dispute on the terms suggested by to renew, so that the paper may continue to visit you without inter-Growers of Southern Madison interest and cooperation in making County.—Suggestions for Mem- The Citizen as useful and attractive to bring to a vote the Dry Bill which

Failure to Buckle Safety Belt. Washington, D. C.-Failure to buckle his safety belt and the "peculiar quick snap" of his scout plane when it was nosed over for a glide apparently caused the death of Major John Pur-Program for Jackson County to Mitchel, the official report saye on iana, received at the War Department

First Market Place.

The town records contain allusions to "the market place" as early as 1636. Three years before, in 1633, the generai court had ordered that a market should be kept in Boston every Thursday, and the place selected was the believing that the old price leaves car crews paid by Nordyke & Marmon, widest part of State street (then sufficient stimulus to the farmer to known interchangeably as Water street and Market street) where it opened constellations were forgotten, and in a into the main street or highway of Rox-

Andrew Charles, of Kentucky, has been cited for heroism and gallantry at the battle of Cantigny, in France, SILENCER PUT ON \$2.40 WHEATby the French general in command, For three days he manned a machine gun, without relief and in the face of fire and constant danger.

Among the lists of German prisoners, there are names of two Kentucky boys, Leo. H. Whiteson, of Jeffery, Monroe County and David L. Watkins, of Senora, Hardin County. They are both in the same prison camp at Darmstadt.

According to the returns of the would add \$387,000,000 to the price of the 900,000,000-bushel crop of 1918 eighty-one millionaires. There are wheat. It also would cause a correthat many who pay a tax of \$50,000 sponding increase in the price of Caor more, at a rate of five per cent. nadian wheat, the message said, and that amount to from \$100,000 to high cost of living.

has been sentenced to death by the propriation for the Department of Agcourt, for killing three men who riculture for the fiscal year ending reported him as a slacker in the to do so because of my very earnest war. It seems too bad that this dissent from the point of view of prinkilling power had not been used on ciples as well as wise expediency, from the front against the Germans. Now the provisions of that part of Section the young man will have to pay the 14, which prescribes a uniform price penalty in the electric chair.

fore the State Railroad Commission price provisions are unsusceptible of by the American R. R. Express Co., being ministered in a way that will be for an increase in express rates of to the consumer, establishing as they 10%, the Commission expresses a to arbitrary levels which are quite inpreference that the U. S. Inter-State dependent of the normal market condi-Commission adjust the rate. This tions, and because I believe that the shows something of a tendency to present methods of regulation by conextend the jurisdiction of the na- ference with all concerned has resulttional Commission to state affars.

The Society of Charities and Corpeared as a cause of poverty in our cities, for the first time in its history. They still are called on the farmers of the United States the for aid, but the causes are sick- price administratively fixed has been ness and such other unavoidable regarded as fair and liberal, and objecaccidents as are likely to befall tiens to it have come only from those

will be \$5.25, an increase of 25 cents. be unavoidable. (Continued on Page Five)

in Berea and preached a powerful will long be remembered in Berea. of dollars, if necessary, that it may agreeing upon a fair price has this A WORD TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS them on the market at a low figure ment of rigidity would in large part to prevent the profiteering.

> President to take over the telegraph, telephone, radio and cable systems of the U.S. This comes as the reingness of the company to settle the investigate.

It is now probable that the effort distance of some 200 miles seeks to prohibit the making and selling of all kinds of alcoholic liquors, the Portage County Grand Jury by Jusincluding beer, will be postponed for the present in order that Congress slaughter made by Luther W. Nickens, may adjourn and take a vacation. The administration desires to have prohibitory legislation considered on its own merits and not in connection with revenue bills now pending.

A very strong effort is being made, especially in the Senate, to place the price of wheat at \$2.40 a bushel. The President has vetoed the bill in with the street car company for use wheat was forming.

PRESIDENT VETOES AGRICULTURAL BILL

PRICE WOULD ADD \$2 TO BAR-REL COST OF FLOUR.

Executive Says, Sending Bill Back to Congress-Dissents on Principle, He Avers in Message, Declaring Public Would Pay Extra 387 Millions.

Washington .- President Wilson ve toed the annual agricultural appropriation bill containing an amendment intreasing the price of wheat to \$2.40 a bushel. The President said the in crease in the price of wheat would add According to the returns of the \$2 to the cost of a barrel of flour and Among these incomes, are fourteen would add materially to the general

The President's message follows: "I regret to return without my signature so important a measure as H. Melvin Collins, of Carter County, R. 9054, entitled "an act making apfor No. 2 Northern spring wheat of \$2.40 a bushel.

As a result of a case brought be- believe that such inelastic legislative ed in the most satisfactory manner, considering the complexity and vari-

ety of the subject matter dealt with. "It is evident that the present methrections of Kentucky reports that od of determining the price to be paid unemployment has entirely disap- for wheat for this year exceeding all

"By an overwhelming majority of sections of the country where, unfortunately, it has in recent years proved impossible to rely upon climatic condi-A report of the State Superin- tions to produce a full crop of wheat per capita tax for 1918 and 1919 ments to the farmer have proved to

school system has not profited from at this time of crisis by exerting themthe inheritance tax and a friendly selves to an extraordinary degree to suit is to be brought to try if it produce the largest and best crops possible. Their patriotic spirit in this matter has been worthy of all praise and has shown them playing a most admirable and gratifying part in the full mobilization of the resources of the country. To a very greatly increased production of wheat they have The President has appointed a added an increased production of alperhaps the finest national anthem | It was a rare opportunity to hear Board of Equalization with the pur- most every other important grain, so

buy up supplies of sugar and place very great advantage which any eledestroy, namely, the advantage of flexibility, of rendering possible at every The Senate is ready to pass the stage and in the view of every change will be fair alike to producer and consumer.'

Austria's Doom Seen by Italians. Rome .- "Austria is about to crumble employees of the Western Union away," is the opinion of political and Telegraph Company and the unwill- military observers here after the publication of the latest reports from Albania and the Balkans where the Entente Allies have succeeded in perfecta board of arbitrators appointed to ing a single front, extending from the Adriatic Sea to Saloniki, on the Aegean Sea to Saloniki, on the Aegean Sea, a

Autoist Is Held.

Ravenna, O .- W. H. Cox was held to tice A. L. Peisler on a charge of man-Cleveland road, Ravenna. Mrs. Nickens was killed when defendant's auto collided with the buggy in which she was riding. Cox was released on \$500 bonds.

Women Conductors at Indianapolis. Indianapolis, Ind.-Indianapolis will have women street car conductors. The announcement was made by H. G. Shafer, secretary of the Nordyke & Marmon Company, which has arranged the interests of the consumer, of ten street cars to be operated by

produce wheat. The new crop is a Belgium May Be Province of Germany. Amsterdam.—General Baron Fried large one, but last reports cut rich von Falkenhausen, the German down the amount somewhat, on ac- General of Belgium, has decided, says count of dry weather when the the Hamburger Nachrieten, that Belgium shall be turned into a federal state on the lines of Austria

German Attack Weakens

FRENCH GAIN

MOVE FORWARD TO DEPTH OF ONE MILE IN BRILLIANT AT-TACK IN PICARDY SECTORS.

In Albania the Italians and French Continue Sweeping Austrians Back -Have Established Line 200 Miles Long, From the Adriatic to the Aegean Sea.

world is drawn to two battle fronts, that is left to them and watching where operations of tremendous im- the interests of their country and portance are taking place. In the west the French won three miles of German trenches to a depth of one mile in a brilliant attack in the Picardy sector.

In Albania the Italians and French continue to push the Austrians back. and have established an allied line 200 miles long, from the Adriatic to the Aegean Sea, held by themselves and cratic basis. Moreover, the mayor the rapidly growing Greek army. It of the city, Elias Audi, is a Chrisis hinted that many Serbians and Mon- tian by religion, the first ever to hold "I dissent upon principle because I tenegrins who live in Albania are planning to join the allied force.

French troops attacked over a front of approximately three miles between Castel and north of Mailly-Raineval (in the Picardy sector) according to the Paris War Office statement.

The village of Castel, the Anchin Farm and a number of strong German positions were taken and 500 prisoners were captured. The attack penetrated the German lines to a depth of more than a mile.

Further raiding operations were carried out by British troops during the night, notably in the Flanders area, near Merris and Meteren, the War Office announced. Prisoners were taken in a patrol encounter in the Kemmel sector on this front.

Another British party raided the German lines near Hammel, south of the Somme. A patrol clash in the neighborhood of Gavrelle, northeast of Arras, also resulted in the taking of

In Albania there are many Serbians and Montenegrins who have expressed tendent of Education shows that the and where, therefore, many disappoint-their impatience to re-enter the struggle to reconquer their native countries. The Jugo-Slavs and Czecho-Slovaks The total school revenue is \$3,502,537, out of which a deficit of about \$300,000 must be met. The about \$300,000 must be met. The most to serve the nation and the world school existence in the stimulation of price to do their utmost to serve the nation and the world fensive continues successful.

VON HINDENBURG IS REPORTED DEAD



Amsterdam.-Field Marshal von Hindenburg, 70, is dead, according to the newspaper Les Novelles. His death is said to have occurred after a stormy interview with the German emperor at great headquarters at Spa. The emperor and the field marshal are delared to have had serious differences of opinion concerning the general offensive. The field marshal died of congestion of brain. Les Nouvelles is a newspaper in the French language published at The Hague.

The violent interview between von Hindenburg and Emperor William occurred on May 16, Les Nouvelles says. It was followed by an apoplectic stroke. The newspaper says its information was obtained "from good sources in the occupied district of Belgium."

French General Picked To Be Chief. Paris.-General A. Gramat, of the French army, has been commissioned Chief of General Staff of the Greek

A report is current that General Hindenburg is dead as a result of a stroke of apoplexy, brought on by a heated quarrel with the Kaiser, in regard to the plans for the drive on the western front. Such rumors have to be taken with caution, although this comes with a little more authority than former rumors.

King Albert of Belgium and the queen recently made a "flying trip" to England by airplane. The occasion was the twenty-fifth anniversary of the marriage of King George and Queen Mary, of England. The stay was a short one, as the royal pair of Belgium insist on re-London.-The attention of the allied ing in the little corner of Belgium people.

> It is of interest to note that the English have gone so far in their organization of Jerusalem as to bring into operation a new and reconstructed government on a demothat office in Jerusalem. It taxes the imagination somewhat to realize the changes that are taking place.

> July 14th was celebrated in the United States by meetings and processions in various places. This is the patriotic holiday of the French people, which corresponds to 4th of July. It is taken to mark the beginning of the revolution in France, in 1789, when the old prison of the Bastile was stormed to free the prisoners who had been confined there because of their opposition to the abuses of monarchy.

> Epidemics in various forms are known to be raging in Europe. The so-called Spanish plague, which affected hundreds of thousands in Spain, has appeared in the German army. Epidemics are also reported in Petrograd and in German cities, of the nature of cholera. Physicians believe that these afflictions are, in part at least, due to the improper nourishment of the people.

> What was formerly the royal palace of the queen of the Hawaiian Islands has recently come into the possession of the United States Government, by will of the deceased queen and will be used as the capitol building of the territory, in which the head offices will be located. The queen was at first an enemy of the U.S., but in her later years changed her view and became a friend.

> The advance of the Italians and French into Albania, on the eastern side of the Adriatic, has been so rapid that it has hardly received the notice which it merits. They have moved inland in a crescent shaped advance, eighty miles in length and as deep as twenty-five miles at the widest point. This might well be the beginning of an effort to regain control of the Balkan States, or a movement into Austria or Russia, from the south.

The Russian situation has cleared up somewhat during the week. The murder of the German ambassador, Count Mirsback, in Moscow, is known to be the result of a Russian revolt to head off the bringing of German troops to that city. Moreover, the Bolsheviki has lost control of Siberia and of northern Russia, which will now become good points in which the Allies may operate. The President of the United States is favorable to a cautious and careful movement.

Count Von Hertling, in an address to the German Reichstag, again opens up the matter of peace, but in terms that will not admit of acceptance by the Allies. There is still the arrogant tone of the conqueror that condescends to be gracious to the conquered. Two remarks, however, are significant: first, that a peace would be favored by the military leaders, and second, that Germany does not intend to keep Belgium. The Count declares that the

(Continued on Page Five)

LETTER FROM EDWIN R. EMBREE

The following is an extract taken from a letter by Edwin R. Embree, a grandson of Father Fee, who sailed last week for France to help in the executive organization of the work of the Rockefeller Foundation:

During the early years of the war, the Rockefeller Foundation maintained a War Relief Commission which was constantly studying the conditions and making reports on the basis of which help was given to Belgium, Serbia Poland and other war stricken countries. When America entered organized with a War Council which Cross war fund and three million to station for training. the second war fund).

three definite pieces of work:

one ward of Paris and one rural section of France.

2. Establishing centers for the visiting nurses and awarding a number of scholarships to enable qualified candidates to take these courses. 3. Carrying on thruout all France the copies made of it.

an educational campaign in methods of preventing and curing tuberculosis. The American Red Cross is working in hearty co-operation with this Commission, furnishing the sanatoria care and the relief in the form of better nourishment and better living conditions, all of which have so important an effect in both the preven-

FOR MEN WHO DRINK

tion and the cure of this disease.

get along without his drink, we suggest the following solution to the bondage of his habit:

Start a saloon in your own home. Be the only customer. You will have no license to pay. Give your wife \$2.00 to buy a gallon of whiskey, and remember there are sixty-nine drinks in one gallon.

Buy your drinks from none but your wife, and by the time the first gallon is gone, she will have \$8.00 to put in the bank and \$2.00 to start business again.

Should you live ten years, and continue to buy booze from her, and then die of snakes in your boots, she will have enough money to bury you decently, educate your children, buy a house and lot, and marry a decent man and forget all about STUDENT NURSES ENTER CAMP

ANNEX EXCLUSIVELY FOR AMERI-CANS IS OPENED AT LONDON HOSPITAL

A press cablegram from London, under date of June 19, says:

pital, where both American and British Officers are treated, a 20-bed The majority of these annex, which will be used exclusively for Americans. Its staff will be ly for Americans. Its stall will be composed entirely of American women, or women with a complete the Army many similar economies health of those who work with machine for the testing of water.

the opening."

WANTED

The Navy Department is collecting photographs of enlisted men who lose their lives in the war that their memory may be perpetuated. Secretary Daniels asks relatives or others having such photographs to lend them to the Navy that copies may be made for the Navy's records. Originals will be returned to the owners as fast as copies can be

A photograph of each man is to the war, and the Red Cross was re- ment to the training station where he began his career in the service. set out to cover the whole field of re- At each of such stations a memorilief in a comprehensive manner, the al gallery of honor or a hero's Foundation withdrew its War Relief corner is to be established so that Commission and in effect merged its for all time the face of the man of war relief funds and staff with those the Navy who has made the suof the Red Cross. (The Foundation preme sacrifice may be honored by tended. gave five million to the first Red the youth of the future sent to the

The Commission is now doing should be securely wrapped for pletion during the summer and fall. 1. Making complete demonstrations with the name, branch of service, has been extended to drainage of of approved dispensary treatment in and training station the young man an entire district surrounding the ing Division, Bureau of Navigation, swamps. training of tuberculosis workers and Navy Department, Washington, D. Care will be taken to return safely the photograph to the sender, of these theaters has an averge inwhen desired, together with one of closed seating capacity of 2,000.

FIVE BULLETS IN HIS BACK-AND FIGHTING

In an article about his experisays in the August "American Magazine":

was a fellow fighting by me. I was To the married man who cannot matter with-my back. Wish you'd practiced by the Army Quarter-

> "So I ran my hand up under his about 2,500 tons space per months. tunic, and I could feel five bullets under the skin. Felt just like a row of marbles! A machine gun must blankets, barrack bags, towels, shelhave swept him from some emplace- ter tent, halves, bedding and other ment we'd passed without seeing dry goods, in addition to wearing on your life! He went right ahead lumber has been saved. The bales fighting, and pretty soon he got it average 30 by 15 by 15 inches and again, this time in the intestines.

"'Sump'n is wrong again!' he said; and he looked down at himself kind unannealed steel bands. Burlap then. He kept on fighting all that day-till the job we were on was are two "ears" on either end of the

SCHOOLS

"Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, widow of ing units will be assigned, it is result in even more pronounced struction in the loading of artillery more often when it is thought necesthe former American Ambassador expected during the present month. space and weight saving. Round ammunition with high explosives. sary. The water is lifted into the to Great Britain; Lady Harcourt, for- Each unit will number 25 or 30 cans and containers entail a waste missioner to Great Britain, attended woman, who will be responsible for compression is worth 65 cents in the physical welfare and recreation. ship space.

PHOTOGRAPHS OF NAVY HEROES SIZE OF ARMY CAMPS AND CAN-TONMENTS INCREASED

More than \$22,000,000 have been expended during the past six months under the direction of the Construction Division of the Army in making additions and improvements to camps and cantonments. This does not include the cost of adsum does not include the cost of additions to the hospital equipments or the improvements made at other Army stations.

The improvement work consisted of additional buildings for housing be forwarded by the Navy Depart- the men and providing for their comforts and needs. Among buildings erected were quarters for officers and nurses, repair shops, additional barracks, coffee - roasting plants, kitchens, and bakeries, and theaters. New roads were laid and sanitation works improved and ex-

Many additional buildings are contemplated, and general construc-All pictures loaned or contributed, tion work will be rushed to commailing after they have been marked In some instances the camp work entered after enlistment. They camp to remove danger of disease should be addressed to the Recruit- arising from the proximity of

Liberty theaters have been erected at national Army cantonments. Each Theaters and amusement halls have been erected also in the National Guard camps and at other points where troops are in training.

ences in the trenches, a young boy BETTER SHIP LOADING HELPS OUR ALLIES

Economies of approximately 20 "Once down on the Somme, there per cent in shipping weight and 50 per cent in shipping space have rein the infantry then, and he said to sulted from improved methods of me, 'I say! There's sump'n the packing merchandise for overseas master Corps. This is equivalent to

For the shipment of clothing and equipage, including such items as it. He could have quit all right, apparel, baling has been substituted with five bullets in him. But not for boxing, and the weight of the weigh 90 pounds. They are bound with not less than four cold rolled of funny. But he didn't quit even over waterproofed heavy paper is used to cover the bales, and there and explosives daily, the products bale for handling.

Women are stevedores on the docks in France. There is a law they shall not be required to carry packages weighing more than 70 Three hundred applicants for pounds. Packages shipped to the student nurses to enter training American Expeditionary Forces are stead of bales.

Burden of Carrying on the War Cannot Be Shifted to the Future

By ROY G. BLAKEY, Ph. D., of University of Minnesota

When we stop to think, we know that it is not twenty-one billions of dollars which our government wants ultimately, but twenty billion dollars' worth of commodities and service. Our national income does not consist of forty-five or fifty billions of dollars of gold, silver and paper. but of that many dollars' worth of wheat, lumber, minerals, clothing, automobiles etc. There are less than five billions of actual gold, silver Explain New Wheat Ruling to and paper dollars in existence in the United States. These dollars are the counters in terms of which the real things are measured and by means of which they are exchanged more easily. For our present purposes to have gold or silver or paper is not to have anything of value in itself, but merely to have a claim upon real things for which it can be exchanged. It is obvious that our government needs money in order that it may exchange it for men and commodities, for it is with these that it must fight the German military forces. It is obvious, also, that it must have these men and commodities now. Munitions of 1930 and men not yet born cannot be hurled against the enemy's lines. The burden of furnishing all of these things must be assumed now; it cannot be put off till

If we could borrow from other nations, we might fight the war with what they loaned to us and we ourselves go ahead consuming what we produce, as we have been doing before the war. In that case, we could shift the paying of them-that is, the burden of the war, to the future. But there are no other nations who can lend to us at this time; we ourselves must raise an army, equip it and keep it supplied. Not only must all of this be done at home, but in addition we must help to feed and equip our allies. None of this can be left to the future.

Of course the next generation will be injured because of this war. Billions of dollars' worth of labor and food and steel and other materials that are now absolutely destroyed in war are diverted from the construction of railroads, irrigation systems, manufacturing plants, improved roads, houses, all of which might have aided our descendants and made their lives fuller and happier. If a man's property is destroyed, his children receive an impaired heritage; both he and they suffer. Our descendants must suffer in this fashion because much of their patrimony is being destroyed. But their sacrifice in the future cannot relieve our present sacrifice by one jot or one tittle. We cannot, as a nation, postpone our burden if we would, nor can the future help us. Then why delude ourselves with thinking that it can?

NEW SHELL LOADING PLANT WILL HANDLE 52,000 SHELLS A DAY

Quantity if not capacity shipments will start soon from a new Government shell loading factory in New Jersey, one of four such Government plants, each of which is larger than any similar plant in the world. When turning out 52,000 loaded the plant will use 2,000 tons of shells

some 75 factories. More than 5,000 workmen will be required. Plans contemplate employment of a large number of women. The operations each day.

The plant has a total area of apschools in the base hospitals at standardized so they shall not weigh 100 buildings, with an aggregate a sand filter, it is treated chemically cantonments were accepted recently. more than 70 pounds for handling floor space of 1,300,000 square feet, to rid it of disease germs. The pure There have been more than a by one woman carrier, or more than will provide storage for shells and water is pumped into tanks mounted thousand applications for entrance 140 pounds by two women carriers. parts and for material. A small city on trucks, which carry the water to "The American Red Cross today to these Army schools of nursing Men handle the heavier packages with heating and lighting plants, the soldiers. opened in its Lancaster Gate Hos- since the Government sent out its and the boxes that must be used in- water and sewage systems, hospitals, Each mobile water unit carries fire-fighting plant, and restaurants, an expert chemist, bacteriologist, The majority of those offering The Quartermaster Corps recom. was built to house the employees, and pump man. There is a comhigh school education. The train- in packing and shipping which will poisonous gases, and a school for in- Tests are made every two hours or

merly Miss Mary Burnes, of New student nurses and will be super- in space of 23 per cent. Square con-York; Lady Osler and Maj. William vised by an accredited and competent tainers are urged. It is estimated pendent of the other, with equip-Endicott, American Red Cross com- nursing instructor and by a trained that every inch saved thru bale ment for loading 13 sizes of shells, either from accident or shell fire, ranging from the recently developed can be made on the spot. The 37 millimeter to 16 inches. On two trucks are equipped with electric sizes of the shells, the propelling lights so that the work can be charge will also be loaded, the shell earried on at night . Many of the and cartridge case being assembled chemists and bacteriologists assigned at the plant. All other shells are to the mobile laboratories were

assembled in France. In the construction of the shell- water works and filtration plants. oading units, the problem was far greater than one of mere building. Immense fans have been installed to dispose of the poisonous fumes. The fourth shot from a gun from the high explosives. When a manned by a Navy armed guard on leading room is changed every few minutes. Specially designed marine, which attacked the ship one-fourth flour or one-third rice or suits will be worn during work with the explosives.

INFORMATION SERVICE BUREAU EXPANDS RAPIDLY

mittee on Public Information has guard, was commended by Secretary taken over various departmental Daniels for efficient conduct. independent information bureaus at Union Station, Washington, will consolidate and reorganize them and be prepared to give all visitors accurate information on Government business and the names and location ceived by Major Perkins, commisof those clothed with authority to sioner for Europe, of the American

offices, May 1, it has built up a Rouge Francaise. eard-index system with 50,000 I beg to acknowledge receipt of

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT HAS MOBILE APPARATUS TO PRO-VIDE FRESH WATER The Amercan soldier in France

gets pure drinking water from mobile water trains. The trains are under the jurisdiction of the Army Medical Department. They are miniature water works, which of three pounds to five pounds of chemically treat, filter, and sterilize water, making it fit for consumption. shells a day under full operation, What municipal water works do to insure healthful water to the people of a city, these trains do for the soldiers.

A number of purification units with attached motor-tank trucks be sold without substitutes. Retailers, constitute a train. Each unit is a marking of shells to designate size, complete filteration plant, including load and range will require 250,000 laboratory. Arriving at a stream, it sets its hose into the water and pumps the water thru a pressure proximately 2,500 acres. More than tank. Before the water passes thru

The operating plant consists of filter by a gasoline pump engine, and formerly connected with municipal

CRACK NAVY GUNNER STOPS SUBMARINE

unit is in operation, the air in the an American merchant ship struck the conning tower of a German sub-The submarine was compelled to submerge after having launched four torpedoes; two of which missed the steamer's bow by about 12 feet. Chief Gunner's Mate Harry R. The Service Bureau of the Com- Chambers, commanding the armed bread.

FRENCH RED CROSS SENDS LETTER OF THANKS FOR A. R. C. GIFT

The following letter has been respeak and act for the Government. Red Cross, from the president of Since the service bureau opened the general committee of the Croix

entries, many of the cards being the magnificent gift of ten million subject to daily revision and cor- francs, which you have transmitted rection. In a recent week, the to me thru Count de Mareuil, wishbureau handled 1,630 visitors seek- ing thus to prove your sympathy the 11 wheatless meals each week find ing special information and answered for France and to consecrate the it necessary to buy substitutes in adan average of 150 query letters daily. ties existing beween our two nations.

GROCERS HELP IN 50-50 PLAN

SIGN PLEDGE TO CARRY OUT FOOD ADMINISTRATION PROGRAM.

CARDS IN STORES.

Thousands of Customers-Insures Greater Food Saving.

Grocers of the nation have accepted enthusiastically the 50-50 basis for the purchase of wheat flour and are doing their utmost to explain the new regulation to the housewife. This ruling by the U. S. Food Administration requires each purchaser of wheat flour to buy one pound of cereal substitute, one kind or assorted, for every pound of wheat flour. It was necessary to restrict the use of wheat flour in order that the allies and our fighting forces abroad might be assured of an adequate supply of wheat to meet their vital needs. This supply must come from our savings because we have already sent our normal surplus.

Wheat saving pledge cards were for warded by the Food Administration to all retail food merchants, and these are being signed and posted in stores throughout the country. This card states, "We pledge ourselves loyally to carry out the Food Administration program. In accordance with this order we will not sell any wheat flour except where the purchaser buys an equal weight of one or more of the following. a greater use of which in the home will save wheat:

"Cornmeal, corn flour, edible corn starch, hominy, corn grits, barley flour, potato flour, sweet potato flour, soy bean flour, feterita flour and meals. rice, rice flour, oatmeal, rolled oats and buckwheat flour."

Some confusion has resulted on the part of the consumer in construing this "50-50" ruling to mean that an equal amount in value of substitutes must be purchased with wheat flour. This is a mistaken idea. The ruling states that the consumer in purchasing flour shall "buy at the same time an equal weight of other cereals."

One exception to this ruling is concerning graham flour and whole wheat flour, which may be sold at the ratio wheat flour. This provision is made because approximately 25 per cent. more of the wheat berry is used in the manufacture of these flours than standard wheat flour.

Another exception is that concerning mixed flours containing less than 50 per cent, of wheat flour, which may however, are forbidden to sell mixed flours containing more than 50 per cent, of wheat flour to any person unless the amount of wheat flour substitutes sold is sufficient to make the total amount of substitutes, including those mixed in flours, equal to the total amount in wheat flour in the mixed flour. For instance, if any mixed flour is purchased containing 60 per cent. wheat flour and 40 per cent, substitutes it is necessary that an additional 20 per cent, of substitutes be purchased. This brings it to the basis of one pound of substitutes for each pound of wheat flour.

A special exemption may be granted upon application in the case of specially prepared infants' and invalids' food containing flour where the necessity is

Some misunderstanding seems to exist on the part of consumers in assuming that with the purchase of wheat flour one must confine the additional 50 per cent, purchase to one of the substitutes. This is not the case. One may select from the entire range of substitutes a sufficient amount of each to bring the total weight of all substitutes equal to the weight of the wheat flour purchased. For instance, if a purchase of 24 pounds of wheat flour is made a range of substitutes may be selected as follows:

Cornmeal, 8 pounds; corn grits, 4 pounds; rice, 4 pounds; buckwheat, pounds; corn starch, 1 pound; hominy, 2 pounds; rolled oats, 3 pounds.

These substitutes may be used to the following manner:

Cornmeal, 8 Pounds .- Corn bread, no flour; corn muffins or spoon bread, May 12, last, at 1,000 yards distance. one-third hominy; 20 per cent. substitutes in whole bread.

Corn Starch, 1 Pound.-Thickening gravy, making custard, one-third substitute in cake.

Corn Grits, 4 Pounds .- Fried like mush, used with meal in making corn

Rolled Oats, 3 Pounds,-One-fourth to one-third substitutes in bread, onehalf substitute in muffins; breakfast porridge, use freely; oatmeal cookies, oatmeal soup.

Buckwheat Flour, 2 Pounds.-Onefourth substitute in bread, buckwheat

Hominy, 2 Pounds,-Botled for dinner, baked for dinner, with cheese sauce.

Rice, 4 Pounds .- One-fourth substitute in wheat bread, one-third substitute in corn bread, boiled for dinner (a bread cut), as a breakfast food, to thicken soups, rice pudding instead of cake or pie, rice batter cakes.

Several grocers have stated that their customers who strictly observe dition to those ordered under the 50 50 plan.

AMERICAN LOCOMOTVIE ENGINEERS ON THE JOB IN FRANCE



Some of the American locomotive engineers now in France are here seen hard at work assembling a big American

OVER THERE"

The Thrill and the Hell of the Trenches, Described by an American Boy SERGEANT McCLINTOCK

Sergeant Alexander McClintock of Lexington, Kp., and the Canadian Army Has Gripping Tale That Every American Will Read for He Tells the Facts—Unadorned. Wounded, a Distinguished Conduct Medal Man, He Was Invalided Home, But Is Going "Out There" Again to Fight For Uncle Sam and His Allies. An inspiring, Interesting, Personal Narrative, Full of the Spirit and Atmosphere of the Trenches.

No. 6 DECORATED FOR BRAVERY: HOME AND UNCLE SAM

By Sergeant Alexander McClintock, D. C. M., 87th Overseas Batt. Canadian Gren. Guards

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This is the concluding article of the series of six by Sergeant McClintock, an American boy of Lexington, Ky., who has seen service in France, was decorated for bravery and invalided home. He has been promised a commission in our army. The first five installments told of the fighting in Belgium and on the Somme, where he was desperately wounded. This final installment describes his journey to the rear with twenty two pieces of shrapnel in one leg and his meeting with the king in a London hospital.

WAS taken from Pozieres to Albert in a flivver ambulance or, as the Tommies would say, a "tin Lizzie." The man who drove this vehicle would make a good chauffeur for an adding machine. Apparently he was counting the bumps in the road, for he didn't miss one of them. However, the trip was only a matter of seven miles, and I was in fair condition when they lifted me out and carried me to an operating table in the field dressing station.

A chaplain came along and murmured a little prayer in my ear. I imagine that would have made a man feel very solemn if he had thought there was a chance he was about to pass out, but I knew I merely had a leg pretty badly smashed up, and while the chaplain was praying I was wondering if they would have to cut it off. I figured, if so, this would handicap my dancing.

The first formality in a shrapnel case is the administration of an antitetanus innoculation, and when it is done you realize that they are sure trying to save your life. The doctor uses horse syringe, and the injection leaves a lump on your chest as big as a baseball, which stays with you for forty-eight hours. After the injection a nurse fills out a diagnosis blank with a description of your wounds and a record of your name, age, regiment, regimental number, religion, parentage and previous history as far as she can discover it without asking questions which would be positively indelicate. After all of that my wounds were given their first real dressing.

Immediately after this was done I was bundled into another ambulance and driven to Contay, where the C. C. S. (casualty clearing station) and rail head were located. In the ambulance with me were three other soldiers, an artillery officer and two privates of infantry. We were all ticketed off as shrapnel cases and probable recoveries, which latter detail is remarkable, since the most slightly injured of the four had twelve wounds, and there were sixty odd shell fragments or shrapnel balls collectively imbedded in us. The nurse had told me that I had about twenty wounds. Afterward her count proved conservative. More accurate and later returns showed twenty-two bullets and shell fragments were in my leg. They took these out and presented them to me. I have been giving them away for souvenirs.

We were fairly comfortable in the ambulance, and I especially had great relief from the fact that the nurse had strapped my leg in a sling attached to the top of the vehicle. We smoked cigarettes and chatted cheerfully, exchanging congratulations on having got "clean ones"-that is, wounds not probably fatal. The artillery officer told me he had been supporting our battalion that morning with one of the "sacrifice batteries."

A sacrifice battery, I might explain, is one composed of field pieces which are emplaced between the front and support lines and which in case of an attack or counterattack are fired at point blank range. They call them sacrifice batteries because some of them are wiped out every day. This officer said our battalion that morning had been supported by an entire division of artillery and that on our front of 400 yards the eighteen pounders

15,000 rounds of high explosive shells. I was impressed by his statement, of course, but I told him that, while this was an astonishing lot of ammunition, it was even more surprising to have noticed at close range, as I did, the number of Germans they missed. Toward the end of our trip to Contay we were much exhausted and pretty badly

alone, in a curtain fire which lasted

thirty-two minutes, had discharged



Two of the Nursing Sisters Were the Coolest Individuals Present.

shaken up. We were beginning also to realize we were by no means out of the woods surgically. Our wounds had merely been dressed. Each of us faced an extensive and serious operation. We arrived at Contay silent and pretty badly depressed. For twentyfour hours in the Contay casualty clearing station they did little except feed us and take our temperatures hourly. Then we were put into a hospital train for Rouen.

Germans Bomb Hospital Train. Right here I would like to tell a little story about a hospital train leaving Contay for Rouen-not the one we were on, but one which had left a few days before. The train, when it was just ready to depart with a full quota of wounded men, was attacked by German aeroplanes from which bombs were dropped upon it. There is nothing apparently that makes the Germans so fearless and ferocious as the Red Cross emblem. On the top of each of the cars in this train there was a Red Cross big enough to be seen from miles in the air. The German aviators accepted them merely as excellent targets. Their bombs quickly knocked three or four cars from the rails and killed several of the helplessly wounded men. The rest of the patients, weak and nervous from recent shock and injury, some of them half delirious and nearly all of them absolutely helpless and in pain, were thrown into near panic.

Two of the nursing sisters in charge of the train were the coolest individuals present. They walked calmly up and down its length, urging the patients to remain quiet, directing the male attendants how to remove the wounded men safely from the wrecked cars and paying no attention whatever to the bombs which were still exploding near the train. I did not have the privilege of witnessing this scene myself, but I know that I have accurately described it, for the details were told in an official report when the king decorated the two sisters with the Royal Red Cross for valor in the face of the enemy.

The trip from Contay to Rouen was a nightmare-twenty-six hours traveling 150 miles on a train which was forever stopping and starting, its jerky and uncertain progress meaning to us just hours and hours of suffering. I do not know whether this part of the system for the removal of wounded has been improved now. Then, its inconveniences and imperfections must have been inevitable, for in every way afterward the most thoughtful and tender care was shown us. In the long rows of huts which compose the British general hospital at Rouen we found ourselves in what seemed like paradise.

In the hut which constituted the special ward for leg wounds I was lifted from the stretcher on which I had traveled all the way from Pozieres into a comfortable bed with fresh, clean sheets, and instantly I found myself surrounded with quiet, trained, efficient care. I forgot the pain of my wounds and the dread of the coming operation when a tray of delicious food was placed beside my bed and a nurse prepared me for the enjoyment of it by bathing my face and hands with

scented water. On the following morning my leg was X-rayed and photographed. I told the surgeon I thought the business of operating could very well be put off until I had had about three more square meals, but he couldn't see it that way. In the afternoon I got my first sickening dose of ether, and they took the first lot of iron out of me. I suppose these were just the surface deposits, for they only got five or six pieces. However, they continued systematically. I had five more operations, and every time I came out of the ether the row of bullets and shell scraps at the foot of my bed was a

little longer. After the number had reached twenty-two they told me that perhaps there were a few more in there, but they thought they'd better let them stay.

My wounds had become septic, and it was necessary to give all attention to drainage and cure. It was about this time that everything for awhile seemed to become hazy and my memories got all queerly mixed up and confused. I recollect I conceived a violent dislike for a black dog that appeared from nowhere now and then and began chewing at my leg, and I believe I gave the nurse a severe talking to because she insisted on going to look on at the ball game when she ought to be sitting by to chase that dog away. And I was perfectly certain about her being at the ball game, because I saw her there when I was playing third base.

The Alarming Cablegram. It was at this time (on Nov. 28, 1916, ten days after I had been wounded) that my father in Lexington received the following cablegram from the officer in charge of the Canadian records in England:

Sincerely regret to inform you that Sergeant Alexander McClintock is officially reported dangerously ill in No. 5 general hospital from gunshot wound in left thigh. Further particulars supplied when reparticulars supplied when re-

It appears that during the time of my adventures with the black dog and the inattentive nurse my temperature had ascended to the stage when the doctors began to admit another method of treatment might have been successful. But I didn't pass out. The one thing I most regret about my close call is that my parents in Lexington were in unrelieved suspense about my condition until I myself sent them a cable from London on December 15. After the first official message, seemingly prepared almost as a preface to the announcement of my demise, my father received no news of me whatever. And, as I didn't know

that the official message had gone, I cabled nothing to him until I was feeling fairly chipper again. You can't have wars, though, without these little misunderstandings.

If it were possible I should say something here which would be fitting and adequate about the English women who nursed the 2,500 wounded men in general hospital No. 5 at Rouen, but that power isn't given me. All I can do is to fall back upon our most profound American expression of respect and say that my hat is off to them. One nurse in the ward in which I lay had been on her feet for fifty-six hours, with hardly time even to eat. She finally fainted from exhaustion. was carried out of the ward and was back again in four hours, assisting at an operation. And the doctors were doing their bit, too, in living up to the obligations which they considered to be theirs. An operating room was in every ward, with five tables in each. After the fight on the Somme, in which I was wounded, not a table was vacant any hour in the twenty-four for days at a time. Outside of each room was a long line of stretchers containing patients next awaiting surgical attention. And in all that stress I did not hear one word of complaint from the surgeons who stood hour after hour, using their skill and training for the petty pay of English army medical officers.

On December 5 I was told I was well enough to be sent to England, and on the next day I went on a hospital train from Rouen to Havre. Here I was placed on a hospital ship which every medical officer in our army ought to have a chance to inspect. Nothing ingenuity could contrive for convenience and comfort was missing. Patients were sent below decks in elevators and then placed in swinging cradles which hung level no matter what the ship's motion might be. As soon as I had been made comfortable in my particular cradle I was given a box which had engraved upon it: "Pre-



People Stand in Crowds, the Men With Hats Off, While Ambulances Pass.

sented with the compliments of the Union Castle line. May you have a speedy and good recovery." The box contained cigarettes, tobacco and a

When the ship docked at Southampton, after a run of eight hours across channel, each patient was asked what part of the British isles he would like to be taken to for the period of his convalescence. I requested to be taken to London, where, I thought, there was the best chance of my seeing Americans who might know me. Say, I sure made a good guess! I didn't know many Americans, but I didn't need to know them. They found me and made themselves acquainted. They brought things, and then they went out to get

more they had forgotten to bring the first trip. The second day, after I had been installed on a cot in the King George hospital, in London, I sent 1.500 cigarettes back to the boys of our battalion in France out of my surplus stock. If I had undertaken to eat and drink and smoke all the things that were brought to me by Americans just because I was an American I'd be back in that hospital now only getting fairly started on the job. It's

me country when you need it. Wounded Get Great Welcome. The wounded soldier getting back to England doesn't have a chance to imagine that his services are not appreclated. The welcome he receives begins at the railroad station. All traffic is stopped by the bobbies to give the ambulances a clear way leaving the station. The people stand in crowds, the men with their hats off, while the ambulances pass. Women rush out and throw flowers to the wounded men. Sometimes there is a cheer, but usually only silence and words of sympathy.

The King George hospital was built to be a government printing office and was nearing completion when the war broke out. It has been made a paradise for convalescent men. The bare of baby blue. ness and the sick suggestion and characteristic smell, so to speak, of the average hospital are unknown here. There are soft lights and comfortable beds and pretty women going about as visitors. The stage beauties and food is delicious, and the chief thought of every one seems to be to show the inmates what a comfortable and cheery thing it is to be ill among a lot of real friends. I was there from December until February, and my recollections of the stay are so pleasant that sometimes I wish I was back.

On the Friday before Christmas Among the artists who entertained us were Fay Compton, Gertrude Elliott (sister of Maxine Elliott), George Robie and other stars of the London

stage. After our protracted stay in the trenches and our long absence from all the civilized forms of amusement the affair seemed to us the most wonderful show ever given. And in some ways it was. For instance, in the most entertaining of dramatic exhibitions did you ever see the lady artists go around and reward enthusiastic applause with kisses? Well,



"I thank you." he said, "for myself and my people for your services."

that's what we got. And I am proud to say that it was Miss Compton who conferred this honor upon me.

At about three o'clock on that afternoon, when we were all having a good time, one of the orderlies threw open the door of the ward and announced in a loud voice that his majesty the king was coming in. We could not that. have been more surprised if some one had thrown in a Mills bomb. Almost immediately the king walked in, accompanied by a number of aids. They vere all in service uniforms, the king having little in the style of his uniform to distinguish him from the others. He walked around, presenting each patient with a copy of "Queen Mary's Gift Book," an artistic little volume, with pictures and short stories by the most famous of English artists and writers. When he neared my bed he turned to one of the nurses and inquired:

"Is this the one?"

The nurse nodded. He came and sat at the side of the bed and shook hands with me. He asked as to what part of the United States I had come from, how I had got my wounds and what the nature of them were, how I was getting along and what I particularly wished done for me. I answered his questions and said that everything I could possibly wish for had already been done for me.

Thanked by King and Decorated for

Bravery. I thank you," he said, "for myself and my people for your services. Our gratitude cannot be great enough toward men who have served as you have."

He spoke in a very low voice and with no assumption of royal dignity. There was nothing in the least thrilling about the incident, but there was much apparent sincerity in the few words.

After he had gone one of the nurses asked me what he had said.

"Oh," I said, "George asked me what I thought about the way the war was being conducted, and I said I'd drop in and talk it over with him as soon as I was well enough to be up."

appointments of my life. She didn't see the joke. She was English. She gasped and glared at me, and I think she went out and reported that I was delirious again.

Really, I wasn't much impressed by

the English king. He seemed a pleasant, tired little man with a great burden to bear and not much of an idea about how to bear it. He struck me as an individual who would conscientiously do his best in any situation, but would never do or say anything with tist characters declare that thinking the slightest suspicion of a punch to it. is a profession, as is fishing, lying, A few days after his visit to the hospital I saw in the Official London Gazette that I had been awarded the distinguished conduct medal. Official letters from the Canadian headquarters amplified this information, and a notice from the British war office informed me that the medal awaited me there. I was told the king knew that the medal had been awarded me when he spoke to me in the hospital. Despite glowing reports in the Kentucky press, he didn't pin it on me. Probably he didn't have it with him, or perhaps he didn't consider it good form to hang a D. C. M. on a suit of striped presentation pajamas with a prevailing tone

While I was in the King George hospital I witnessed one of the most wonderful examples of courage and pluck I have ever seen. A young Scot only nineteen years old, McAuley by name, had had the greater part of his face comedians come to entertain us. The blown away. The surgeons had patched him up in some fashion, but he was horribly disfigured. He was the brightest, merriest man in the ward, always joking and never depressed. His own terrible misfortune was merely the topic for humorous comment with him. He seemed to get positive amusement out of the fact that the surgeons were always sending for him to do somethere was a concert in our ward. thing more with his face. One day he was going into the operating room and a fellow patient asked him what the new operation was to be.

"Oh," he said, "I'm going to have a cabbage put on in place of a head.

It'll grow better than the one I have

Once in a fortnight he would manage to get leave to absent himself from the hospital for an hour or two. He never came back alone. It took a couple of men to bring him in. On the next morning he would say:

"Well, it was my birthday. A man must have a few drinks on his birth

I was discharged from the hospital in the middle of February and sent to a comfortable place at Hastings, Sussex, where I lived until my furlough papers came through. I had a fine time in London at the theaters and clubs pending my departure for home. When my furlough had arrived I went to Boxton, Derbyshire, where the Canadian discharge depot was located. and was provided with transportation to Montreal. I came back to America on the Canadian Pacific Royal Mail steamer Metagama, and the trip was without incident of any sort. We lay for a time in the Mersey, awaiting word that our convoy was ready to see us out of the danger zone, and a destroyer escorted us 400 miles on our

I was informed before my departure that a commission as lieutenant in the Canadian forces awaited my return from furlough, and I had every inten-Sam for mine. I've written these stories to show what we are up against. It's going to be a tough game and a bloody one and a sorrowful one for many, but it's mostly right on one side and all wrong on the other-and I'm glad we're in it. I'm not willing to quit soldiering now, but I will be when we get through with this. Because when we finish up with all this there won't be any necessity for soldiering. The world will be free of war for a long, long time, and a God's mercy

(THE END.)

The State of Westsylvania.

The "province and government of Westsylvania" was a proposal made by the settlers in the southwest of Pennsylvania and the adjacent territory for the creation of a new state. It originated in connection with the troubles between Virginia and Pennsylvania, and the scheme was brought forward early in July, 1776. A description of the proposed government defines the bounds as "beginning at the eastern branch of the Ohio opposite the mouth of the Scioto and running thence in a direct line to the Owasioto pass, thence to the top of the Allegheny mountains, thence with the top of the said mounttains to the northern limits of the purchase made from the Indians in 1768 at the treaty of Fort Stanwix, thence with the said limits to the Allegheny or Ohio river and then down the said river as purchased from the said Indians at the aforesaid treaty of Fort Stanwix to the beginning." A call for a convention to organize the government was issued, but a memorial of the Virginia committee of West Augusta county to the lower house of assembly led to the abandonment of the plan.-Philadelphia Press.

Philosophical Tale.

One went betimes to a philosopher, who lived in a deep well, and said unto him:

"Oh, philosopher, what is success?" And the philosopher replied:

"It is that which the most persistent man on earth had nearly attained

when he died." "And what is failure, O philoso

"I do not know, son; I have never

sought it."

Then happened one of the great dis- DISCOVERED RIGHT TO THINK

Author Relates How Young Harvard Student Broke the Conventional Trappings and Bonds.

Is thinking a science, an art or s profession? Henry Hazlitt, author of a book on "Thinking," calls it a science and an art. George Dorsey, author of "Young Low"-that delightful anthropological novel of a modern, human boy -makes one of his fascinating scien-

preaching, banking or engineering. Very early in his Harvard career, Young Low makes the discovery that he has a right to think and it is Huxley, as it happens, who discovers for him or helps him to discover his intellectual franchise. Here is Mr. Dorsey's description of the emergence of his hero's boy-mind from its conventional trappings and bonds:

"That night, high up in Weld (one of the Harvard dormitories), in front of my fire, I tried to puzzle it out. Huxley dares think such things, and a reputable firm dares print them. Surely, I, poor, insignificant I, have a right to think.

"And I did think. I had never felt that way before. I had never realized that I dare to think about these things.

"I felt as if a load had been lifted from me. I had no idea where it would lead-nor for the time did I care-but I felt mentally free for the first time in my life. And deep within me I knew what Huxley meant when he said that to him the chiefest good was freedom to learn, to think, and to say what he pleased when he pleased! Until now I had not dared hope for such freedom . That was a memorable rainy day; and I was grateful to Huxley. I might have to pay a price for doubting, but it would be paid by a free man, not a

Blowing Wells.

What are known as blowing wells are not at all uncommon, although in some localities they are called "breathing," "sucking," "weather" or "barometer" wells. The United States geological survey finds that in nearly every well of that kind the blowing and sucking occur alternately; that is, at certain times the current is outward. and at intervening periods inward. The phenomena are caused by differences in atmospheric or barometric pressure. The necessary conditions seem to be a porous stratum of soil, such as sandstone, gravel or porous limestone, only partly saturated with water, and overlaid by some impervious substance such as shale or clay. So long as the atmospheric pressure is high, the air is driven into the well, where it collects in the upper part of the porous stratum above the water level. When the pressure drops, the air flows out with considerable force, and in so doing produces what is known as "blowing." The blowing usually occurs during storm periods or when the wind is in certain direction or during certain periods of the day. In some cases marsh gas or oil or rock gas may cause a similar blowing effect.

Ingenuity Misapplied.

Every day or so we see where a boy who used to get licked for drawing pictures in school is now a famous artist or cartoonist. What were you whipped in school for, mostly? And tion of going back to accept it, but are you putting it to any practical pursince I got to America things have hap- pose now? We got licked once for repened. Now it's the army of Uncle moving the hairpins from a taffy-colored head at the desk in front of usbut there is no great demand for talents of that sort now. Another time, we missed a boy with a paper wad, and hit the teacher-but there is much competition in the grenade throwing business now, and our aim is no better than it was then. Again, we had a ball of twine in our pocket, and we tied the end of the string to our desk, and then walked around the room, unwinding twine the while, entangling the teacher and most of the students. Do you see any financial or political possibilities now for a genius which thus manifested itself at the age of thirteen?-Claude Callan in Kansas City Star.

Ancients Knew of Periscope.

It is not generally known that the history of the periscope dates back to the time of Aristotle and Euclid. Of course, neither of these erudite ancients had the actual article used today, but they discovered that part of the theory of light and optics which is present in the working of a periscope.

At a later date the camera obscura came to baffle the world, the scientists of the fifteenth century having evolved a box in which an image can be thrown and traced by a pencil into an actual picture. The idea was quickly seized upon by showmen, and a camera obscura became a feature of every sideshow and exhibition. From first to last the showmen made a good deal of money out of the idea, until people came to learn that there was nothing magical about the thing. Both the periscope and the camera obscura are simplicity itself. All that is needed are a mirror and a lens.

Beginning at Home.
Little Tobin—Mamma, didn't you say we should always try to make

other people happy? Mamma-Yes, dear. Little Tobin-Well, I know a little boy that I could make very happy if

I had five cents to buy candy with. Mamma-Who is the little boy? Little Tobin-It's me.

Psychological Moment. "What did pa say when you told him

you wanted to marry me?" "Said all right, and asked me to fend him \$20."

MODERN WAR IS DECID

BY ORGANIZATION

The problem of our country

today is the organization of all its

resources and efforts. The Federal

Reserve System is the banking

organization which is caring for the

nation's financial needs. Support it

by dealing with a member bank.

Berea National Bank

Berea, Kentucky

HART-OGG

impressive.

Friends of Miss Kathleen Ogg and

The bride is one of Berea's most

The groom is the son of Mr. and

Mrs. B. W. Hart of Jackson street.

with his parents and Miss Margaret

Hart, left Tuesday morning for a

trip by automobile to the former

Dear President and Mrs. Frost:

Yours cordially,

DECEASED

Funeral services were conducted

Sunday afternoon in the Baptist

able to be present at the funeral.

Two sisters, Mrs. Frances Wyatt,

and Mrs. Ida Sanboda, of Battle

Creek, Mich., came for the funeral.

Wyatt and children, the sympathy

of all is extended in their dark hour

down a chick's windpipe CURES

few drops in the inking water cures gapes

BOUREOR REMEDY CO., Lexington, Ky.

Sold by Porter-Moore Drug Co.

of bereavement.

and pain is not known.

(Mrs.) D. W. Brown

Great Reduction Sale B. E. BELUE CO.

Richmond

Keatucky

Miss Virginia Boatright was in

Miss Naomi O'Rourke, of Pitts-

Roberts, of Boise, Idaho.

at Boone Tavern, Sunday.

of Lexington, was here, Monday.

Mrs. Samuel Scrivner, of Millers

Creek, is contemplating making her

E. R. Overly, of Cynthiana, was a

Mrs. C. B. Holder, and her three

sons, William, Charles B. and

five in the morning till 10 at night.

missions at the end of the course.

the first of the week.

and Alabama.

Last Friday, troop trains passed

thru here, northbound, containing

Richmond recognized Frank Devore,

Mrs. Broaddus and little son, of

Mrs. Montgomery, on Jackson St.

Mrs. E. B. Wilson, of Nicholas-

Green Hill, who came to Berea,

last week for the burial of his

operation for appendicitis.

ville, has been spending several days

eight Berea boys are members.

home in Berea for a few months.

visitor in Berea, Saturday.

in Berea, Friday.

in Berea, Friday.

LOCAL PAGE

NEWS OF BEREA AND VICINITY, GATHERED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCES

Sanders.

Dean & Stafford **REAL ESTATE**

Bank & Trust Bldg. Berea, Ky.

Best Blacksmithing

Scientific horse shoeing, fine iron work and repairs of all descriptions at the College Blacksmith Shop, Case for the past week. Main Street, north of The Citizen

L. & N. TIME TABLE Berea, Ky.

(In effect May, 11, 1918)

North Bound No. 32, Leaves 6:53 p.m. No. 38, Leaves 1:17 p.m. No. 34, Leaves 3:53 a.m.

South Bound No. 33, Leaves 12:03 p.m. No. 37, Leaves 1:04 p.m.

No. 31, Leaves 12:12 a.m.

Note: No. 33, the fast train, will stop for passengers from North of Cincinnati, O., or for South of Knoxville, Tenn.

We SELL hats and sell them right. Worth Davis, of Gadsden, Alabama, ad. are making a visit with her mother, Mrs. Laura Jones.

Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Combs and Mrs. Martha Early, for a few weeks. children, Lillian and Cecil, of Lex- Sergeants Carroll Robie and Wm. ington, were visiting here Sunday. Campbell, of the Artillery Officers' Messrs. William Anderson and Training Camp at West Point, (Ky.), Gillis Dawson, of Lincoln County, were in Berea, Sunday. The work were visiting friends and relatives there is strenuous, continuing from in Berea, Sunday.

Miss Esther Gentry is now able The would-be officer assumes duties to be out of the Robinson Hospital. from a private to a "top" sergeant Miss Gentry has been ill for some in the course, and is required to

Forrest Shuford writes from the artillery work is mathematical, in-Great Lakes Naval Training Station cluding trigonometry and higher that he is satisfactorily located mathematics. We wish these young there. He may be addressed: Co. men "the best of luck" in their work; Q, Radio School, Camp Perry, Great trusting that they will receive com-

Chas. Wolf, of the U. S. Army, was Corporal E. R. East, of Camp is in the Army Mechanical Train- Berea, Wednesday. He is returning ing School, Woodward High School, to camp from his home at Mill Cincinnati, Ohio.

Chas. Shaw, of Lexington, was in town, last Thursday.

Prof. M. E. Marsh has returned on Estill street, for awhile. from Sapa, Mississippi, to resume Miss Sue Porter, of Cincinnati,

his duties as Dean of Labor. Mrs. John F. Wagers, of Cincin- with her mother, Mrs. C. H. Porter, nati, is visiting her sister, Mrs. of this place, returned to her work, Jennie Hoskins, for some time. Monday.

Clyde Evans, of the U. S. Navy, a Major Cruize, who has been in former student of the Academy De- Hamilton, Ohio, for some time, has partment, is now located with the returned to Berea.

"Blue Jackets' Guard," Newport, R. I. Mrs. R. J. Engle received tha Edward Ellis Cochran, Jr., arrived order, Monday, for her son, Chester. at the College Hospital last week, to report at 1 p.m., of Wednesday. He will be a member of the home July 24, at Wooster, Ohio. She has of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Cochran. Mrs. forwarded the order to him. She Cochran is remembered as formerly has recently received the card saybeing Miss Stella Griffith. Mother ing that her son, Edgar O. Engle

has safely arrived overseas and inand son are doing well. Miss Edith Harwood is visiting dications are that he is in Italy, friends in Lancaster for a few days. with the A. E. F. contingent sent Mrs. C. Clinton Early, accompanied there.

by Miss Edna Early, are visiting in Nicholasville for a few days. David Thompson, of Lancaster,

visited friends in Berea, Monday. The Misses Mae and Elizabeth Harrison, Bertha King and Amy Myron, and Messrs. Spence and Redden, spent the week end on Indian

Fort Mountain. Miss Sarah Ogg, of the Normal Department, is teaching the school at High Point for this session.

Miss Helen Shannon writes from Bloomfield, Iowa, that she is enjoying a pleasant vacation there. She expects to return to Berea left Saturday for their home in next fall.

Mrs. Ernberg was in Richmond, Saturday, and brought Doctor Gunsaulus to Berea. She was accompanied by the Misses Mrytle Baker and Stella Anderson.

Fred Evans, a former student of the College Department, writes that his change in address is 294 Aero with relatives and friends in Berea. home in Kendall, Wisconsin, on the Squad, Mather Field, Sacramento,

Mack Morgan, who has just re- brother, Walter, returned to his covered from an operation at the home in Bethany, W. Va., Friday. Robinson Hospital, returned to his Mrs. James Anderson spent last

home in Lancaster. C. E. Campbell, assistant to the her little granddaughter, Mary Pearl Bursar, is visiting his parents at Kidd, who is recovering from an Charleston, W. Va.

extended visit with relatives in ippi. Paint Lick and Berea.

day, from Binghampton, N. Y., for Hayes over Sunday. a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harden Golden.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Preston and furlough. Mrs. Leonard Isaacs and children, Edgar Wyatt, who is doing exmotored to Louisville last Saturday, tensive building in Winchester, to see their son and brother, Will spent Sunday with home folks in Preston, who is at Camp Taylor. Berea.

week.

home near Kingston.

town Saturday, prior to leaving for family, near Blue Lick.

her home in Russell, Ohio. She was Oscar N. Johnson, recently con- diers by the Y. M. C. A. accompanied home by Mrs. Nannie victed of murder by a jury, and Mr. and Mrs. Harrell Van Winkle, given the death sentence by the of Cincinnati, were visiting relatives Dr. and Mrs. B. H. Roberts are judge, at Paris, has issued a pro- and friends in Berea this week. making a trip overland in an auto- test against the decision of the The Rev. and Mrs. E. B. English, mobile, to visit their son, Sellew burg, has been visiting Miss Nell judgment in his favor.

H. P. Bosley, of St. Louis, Mo., was Mr. and Mrs. Henry Perry and home of E. F. Dizney.

See Moore and Stephens for rain meeting. daughter, Dorothy, accompanied by Mrs. Eugene Walker and Elizabeth barrels, at Coal Yard. Terrill, all of Richmond, were guests

for the Standard Wheel Co., of his cousin, Mrs. Simon Muncy. He E. D. Hall, of Bristol, Tenn., was Berea, returned home last Saturday. has been employed at Charleston, He reports business good in his W. Va. W. D. Jones, traveling salesman line in the territory he covers.

Stearns Sharpe, last week, conveyed mented on several occasions during the word that her husband, Sgt. the past few months. Georgia Belle happy event took place at the home summer course here. The class Charles G. Sharpe, would be on board Smith is the latest addition. She of the bride's father, C. I. Ogg, on consisted of Misses Emily Morrison, ship for France by the time this is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jackson street, Friday afternoon, Bernadine Johnson, Beulah Green letter reached Berea.

Berea last week for Center, Ala. The and bids fair to be heard in the present, aside from the immediate party was composed of the follow- world at large, as she already makes families. The Rev. Howard Hudson summer school at Asbury this ing persons: Mrs. Sharpe, Mrs. her presence felt in the family officiated in his pleasing manner summer, Miss Nash has conducted Mead, the Misses Dizney and Park- circle. We bid her welcome to our and the ceremony was made most er, Dean Clark, Dean Edwards, Dr. midst. Mead and J. G. Durham. They expected to spend Monday in Chattanooga, Tenn.

here the 27th.

Mrs. Tubbs is a smiling lady of unconquerable optimism, who "never iearn the martial law. Much of the hists her umbrella until it begins

barrels, at Coal Yard.

Prof. Kean arrived in Berea, recently and is living in the brick house which was vacated by Dr. visiting friends here, Sunday. He Taylor, on a furlough, was in McGuire. Prof. Kean will teach ment next year.

Mrs. Lewis Lester returned last Prospect street. Misses Jane and Marie White, of week from a visit with her hus-Cynthiana, are visiting Mrs. Bogie, band in Hamilton, Ohio.

Jesse Robinson, of Oneida Institute, is visiting with his uncles, Drs. cated two miles west of Berea. from Silver City, New Mexico, where tinge of sadness to the occasion, but who has been spending her vacation M. M. and B. F. Robinson, of this About 20 acres cleared and in cul- we went in search of health for Nealy expressed his determination place. He plans to be a student in tivation, remainder in small timber, him, but we have brought him back of doing his part to win the war

Berea this year. are spending their vacation at their or stock of merchandise. Address: berculosis, of the bowels and throat uncle's, S. W. Prather, of Carlisle. Mrs. Lula F. Hoskins will spend a ad-5.

few weeks with her father and mother in Magoffin County. Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Prather and

Hoskins, on Jackson street. Word has just been received by and brother, Walter A. Hill. Mrs. Allen Williams that her brothers, Sergeants Dan C. Shorte kins, Mrs. Hallie Wagers, H. H. Hill, and Braxton C. Shorte, and her and sons, Green and Forest. C. M. Canfield was in Cincinnati cousin, Sergeant Ed O. Cox, have

> will be remembered by many Berea citizens and students.

soldiers, probably from Camp barrels, at Coal Yard. Shelby. People at the depot in Mrs. J. F. Fugitte writes that her drum major of the 149th Infantry husband has been called to the Band, of Camp Shelby, of which colors. Mr. Fugitte has been with the O. K. Railroad as Assistant Prof. Rigby returned. Tuesday. Traveling Auditor. Mrs. Fugitte from extension work in Tennessee will be remembered as Miss Golden Shorte, a former student and resi-

Mr. and Mrs. Aden Ogg and baby, dent. Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Green are Gary, W. Va., ofter a visit with happy over the arrival of a baby relatives in Berea and Union City. girl, Elma, at their home last Saturday morning. Both mother and 6:15, in the Pavilion behind the Lexington have been guests for baby are doing fine.

Stephen Green is suffering a good several days in the home of Mr. and deal of pain from an abcess on his right eye.

Miss Myrtle Berg left for her early train, Wednesday morning. ad-4.

r wheat bags. Mrs. Nettie Wyatt, of Lexington, and Mrs. Russell, of Winchester, are week at the Robinson Hospital with visiting at the home of Edgar Wyatt. Mrs. Jack Laswell, of Wildie, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Nannie save your soul alive. Brannaman, this week.

Mrs. Kelly Hunt and children, of Mr. and Mrs. Ulysses Wyatt have Blue Ridge, N. C., are making an returned from their trip to Mississ-

Mrs. Nancy Shelton, of Richmond, Mrs. Fred Cummings arrived Mon. was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Stanley Johnson of the U. S.

Marines was home last week on a

Miss Amy Myron, who has been Pt. Owen Frary arrived in Berea making an extended visit with her from Paris Island Training Camp, friend, Miss May Harrison, returned on Tuesday evening. He was unato her home in Volin, S. Da., this ble to reach here in time for his wife's funeral owing to a camp Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Gabbard have quarantine which necessitated a debeen spending several days with lay of two days. He has been grant-Mrs. Gabbard's parents at their ed a ten day furlough, and upon return to camp expects to leave in Miss Frances Sproule, a former the near future for over seas. Pt. Berea student, was visiting recently Frary speaks enthusiastically of in the home of John Johnson and camp life, and especially of the good work being dene for the sol-

Court, and rests his claim upon the who have recently moved into the, ground of extenuating circumstan. rooms at the rear of the Baptist ces. He hopes for a reversal of the Church, were delightfully surprised last Thursday evening by a "pantry Mrs. Howard Dizney and little shower" from a large number of son, Charles Franklin, of Wood, their Baptist friends. A delightful Harlan County, are visiting at the social hour was spent together be fore the regular time for prayer

ad-1. Gordon Hammond, a former Berea M. B. McGuire, purchasing agent student, is visiting at the home of

A letter received by Mrs. Helen lege Faculty has been happily aug- prised, last week, to learn of their accompanied by her class in Ex-A group of extension workers left is five days old, has a good voice, of the close friends of the bride were lege.

BOARDING HOUSE FOR RENT popular and talented young ladies

Best located boarding house in and has been identified with many James Scotland Tubbs has enlisted Berea for rent; (business estab- of the progressive activities of the in the Army and Mrs. Tubbs has lished), will rent with rooms fur- young people of the town, notable been delayed a week, but will be nished. Call on or address Mrs. among these being her work with ad-3. Nannie Davis, Center street. ad-5. the Berea Naval Service girls.

BEREA FAIR

The Bera Fair will be held Sep- He has been a student in the College to rain." Remember the date, July tember 5, 6 and 7, instead of in Department during the last year, ad.-3 August, as in former years. Let's and has made many friends in town. See Moore and Stephens for rain boost for a bigger and better fair. ad-4. Be a booster, not a "buster."

HORSE FOR SALE

Bay Percheron, 3 years old, well home of the Harts in northeastern broken to all kinds of work; 151/2 Ohio. mathematics in the College Depart- hands high, weight 1,200 pounds. For particulars, see B. P. Ambrose,

FOR SALE

no buildings, good orchard, a bar- to his child-hood home, to his for Democracy. Delma, Roth and Harold Hoskins gain at \$800. Liberty Bonds, cash brothers, here at London, Ky. Tu-

W. B. Harris, (owner)

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to extend our sincere the week end with Mrs. Lula F. sions of sympathy extended to us in especially, and to our friends whom future. the loss of our dear husband, son you may meet.

Mrs. Mamie Hill, Mrs. Jennie Hos-

arrived safely in France. They BAPTIST YOUNG PEOPLES UNION

The B.Y.P.U. will meet in the Baptist Church, Sunday night, at See Moore and Stephens for rain 6:15 for the purpose or reorganiad-4. zation. A new election of officers will be held. Visitors are cordially invited.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR

Christian Endeavor was led by Miss Zelma Brown, of the Vocationa! Department, Sunday night. The topic, "Lessons from Favorite Parables," was ably discussed and much benefit was derived from it. A good attendance, for the summer, was there. Next Sunday night, at To Mr. Ferrer and Mr. and Mrs. Library, R. T. Miller will lead with a discussion of "Lessons From Favorite Psalms." Everybody wel-

True Friends Beyond Price.

The most blessed reality in human See Moore & Stephens for burlap life is a friend who understands and can companion your heart. Don't allow yourself to wear your spirit out alone with anxiety or grief. "The friends thou hast, and their adoption tried, grapple them to thy soul with hoops of steel." A true friend will

MISS NASH'S CLASS LEAVES

Miss Dexora Nash left, Saturday, The juvenile branch of the Col- Lewis R. Hart, were somewhat sur- for her home in Wilmore. She was plans for an early wedding. The pression, which has been taking a Pruitte Smith, weight five pounds, July 12, at five o'clock. Only a few and Harry Tate, all of Asbury Col-

On account of there being no the course here.

METHODIST TENT MEETING

Good interest and large crowds characterize the revival meetings being held in the Gospel tent back of the Methodist Church.

Evangelist Sanford preaches every night at 8 o'clock and is assisted in the work by Mrs. Sanford, Mrs. Burke and the Rev. F. H. Larabee, the pastor of the Methodist Church.

There will be a union service in the tent on Sunday evening at 8:00, The bride and groom together, p.m. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend the meetings ...

PICNIC IN HONOR OF FLOYD NEALY

Monday, the 15th, a huge picnic dinner was spread on "Christmas Ridge" in honor of Floyd Nealy, who departed Tuesday for the U.S. Army service. More than one hundred You will regret to learn that my of Nealy's friends were present and husband, D. W. Brown, is very seri- all enjoyed the good time. The Small farm of about 40 acres, lo- ously ill. We have just arrived fact of Nealy's departure gave a

A PLEASANT SURPRISE

A number of Miss Doppie Ogg's are hastening the end. Our two Berea, Ky. little daughters are at our home, most intimate friends surprised her near Chicago, with our church peo- last Thursday evening, by calling ple at Lake Forest, Ill. I know we at her home and "showering" her have your sympathy and prayers in with quite a collection of misceldaughter, Miss Gertrude, and Miss thanks to the many friends and this sudden setting of a promising laneous articles which they believed Allie Smith, all of Carlisle, spent neighbors for their kind expres- young life. Remember us to Edith she would have use for in the near

EXTENSIONISTS HAPPY

The first group of extension workers returned home this week. They report a fine trip with interesting and profitable sessions held at After weeks of suffering and pain, various points in Alabama. A more Mrs. Bessie Wyatt Frary was called detailed account of their work will to her Eternal Home last week, appear in next week's issue. Be where all is, peace and happiness, sure and read it.

CHURCH NOTICE

The service in the Pavilion will Church by the pastor, the Rev. E. B. again be omitted that everybody may English, and burial followed Mon- join with the Methodist friends in day morning in the Berea Cemetery, their revival meetings in the tent, Her busband, who is in the Army, back of the Methodist Church, next training in South Carolina, was un- Sunday evening.

AUTOMOBILE FOR SALE

One Maxwell car, in splendid condition; \$100 worth of extras. Atwater-Kent Ignition; five tires. Apply to A. F. Scruggs, Berea. ad.

F. L. MOORE'S

Jewelry Store

First Class Repairing

Fine Line of Jewelry

The Citizen

A family Newspaper for all that is right true, and interesting

Published every Thursday at Berea, Ky

BEREA PUBLISHING CO. (Incorporated)
WM. G. FROST, Editor-in-Chief

> Subscription Rates PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

ouned, seral terms given to any who obtain new sub-tions for us. Any one sending us four yearly criptions can receive The Oltizen free for ne year. Advertising rates on application.

MAINTENANCE A REVALATION TO AMERICAN SOLDIERS (Engineering News Record)

of Health, from general head- the new Director of aircraft pro- came from Camp Taylor. quarters in France. He is in the duction, that the government take | Don't worry, for I feel that some- Forest Hill, of Scottsburg, Ind; and

country wonderfully beautiful and on a satisfactory basis until the 85th Div., 337 Inf., Med. Dept.

have a positive genius. Roads are program was begun. a few inches below the surface.

French roads is the great care ob- could not be turned out by machine and ninety-three cents. outside of the tree line."

NAVY ENFORCES DIRECT PURCHASE POLICY

Manufacturers and dealers are en- year.

hope that 'manufacturers who have necessary, will be determined soon. not availed themselves of the op- It has been definitely determined which they manufacture.'

ly investigated and they were never igation has shown that this policy held to a stricter accountability than cannot be adopted, and it is underthey have been since this country stood that General Pershing has sponsible direct bidders has inable that America's heroic dead will

try; select healthy, vigorous breedcreased greatly and the number of find their final resting place on the agents and intermediaries has been soil of France, for which they have reduced to a minimum. The safe- made the supreme sacrifice. guards against profiteering have been strengthened, not relaxed."

of Supplies and Accounts, represent- abroad as few other Americans have These manufacturers and dealers as the man who saved them from furnish over 60,000 classes of arti-starvation. The remarkable forecles used by the Navy.

for the assistance given them in ed him a genius. In England, they four years to alleviate the suffering the world, and no American, unless of the Cubar Netional Committee of the Cubar Netional of our soldiers and those of the it be President Wilson himself, has allied nations.

Your generous donation will per- the Englsh people. mit our three societies to continue their work. It will resound thruout our country and will draw friendship which again today unites 8:30, the students of the Summer sion, Chief Quartermaster William Fracloser together the traditional our two nations in fraternal effort School and summer workers were ser Beham, a naval aviator, was killed best of causes.

115,745 boys were enrolled in regular had during the few remaining resistance. clubs in 14 States.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON

"Win the war" is the slogan of both parties. Those members who have faltered in their support of the war aims of the government will Dear Mother and Father:trenches.

for itself the merits of the contro- chance. "Every soldier over here from the versy over aircraft production which Kentucky is well represented in was a member. tion. It will be remembered that to do the right thing. "The roads are marvelous and the the shipbuilding was never placed My address will be: government organized the Emerg-"The French road system is a ency Fleet Corporation and assumed revelation, even in time of war, the responsibility of building its not so much in the matter of con- own merchant marine. But while struction, because we can and do all this investigating is going on,

roads, with little section gangs who planes are being turned out in free. numerous that they cannot be re- the fact that the allied governments paired at once, an entire new layer are filling large orders for the of broken stone and binder is put American product. When the Libdown. The problem is simplified erty motor was first put forward very much by the fact that suitable as America's contribution to "Winroad metal can be found anywhere ning the war in the air", there was much skepticism. Foreign motor ex-"Another striking feature of the perts said that an airplane engine served in promptly removing all methods to equal the hand work of

couraged under the policy of the The chaotic Russian situation has to the amount of \$125, were sub-Navy Department to deal direct with everybody guessing, including scrbed for. This amount may also also welcome members of the Berea the department. The purpose is to eliminate the middleman in purpose is to rapidly maturing for sending an colored subscriptions taken at the party.

It may not be amiss to mention chases of supply and materials.

ecconomic commission to Russia

Postoffice and local banks. Besides,
that Mr. Rix, the managing editor

"In my annual report" says Rear
when the murder of Count you Mir-"In my annual report," says Rear when the murder of Count von Mir-Admiral Samuel McGowan, "manu- bach, the German Ambassador at Thrift Stamps and Liberty Bonds, facturers were warned against Moscow, added a new element of expressing regret that they are not liar pleasure in meeting some regprofiteering agents, professional uncertainty to the situation. able to do more to help out in the ular and appreciative readers of his contractors, and naval brokers. In Whether the economic commission nation's great conflict. our regular mailing circular of plan will be followed, or whether January 8, 1918, we expressed the military intervention will become

portunity to bid direct will do so, by the War Department that it will as it will prove of advantage to them be impracticable to bring home the in bringing them in more intimate bodies of Americans who die in touch with the Navy and thereby France. Beginning with the first make a reputation for the materials death of American boys on foreign may wave. soils, requests have been coming in "The fact is, the responsibility of from relatives that their remains contractors was never so thorough- be brought home. Careful invest-

By the time this is published, Herbert C. Hoover will have landed There are over 14,000 names on in England. The American Food the bidders' list of the Navy Bureau Administrator will be acclaimed GENEROUS DONATION FROM CUBA The French Red Cross is deeply the surplus created by conservation grateful to the American Red Cross methods in this country, have stamp-

SUMMER SCHOOL SOCIAL

and sacrifice, for the triumph of the treated to a social on the lawn of when his hydroplane fell 500 feet into Putnam Hall. They played games Great South Bay. and had a general good time. Much Southern farm boy-club members coveted social privileges were grantproduced in 1917, food and feed ed, thus making the occasion more valued at \$4,019,121, the Department enjoyable. The young folks hope of Agriculture reports. A total of that another such social may be weeks of school,

LETTER FROM ARCHIE FLANERY Written En Route to Camp Mills.

New York New York Central R. R., July 13.

have a hard time explaining their | Well, we are still speeding along. ly a family will be found which York City and have only made one time, the cause of which was not be difficult for the slacker legis- get to Camp Mills tonight some time, he was suffering from the effects failure to support the man in the teen coaches to the train and the previous, which at last proved fatal. trains are about one hour apart.

rinciple inquisitorial matter before division. I am medical inspector and two little children and her Congress. A double investigation is of our train. I am to see that every- brother, Zachariah Minter, of Ok-Missing numbers will be gladly supplied if we being made into every phase of air- thing is kept sanitary. No man is lahoma City. Funeral services were craft production. The Department allowed to leave his coach. I am conducted at the Baptist Church, of Justice, with former Justice allowed to go anywhere and can get Friday afternoon, by the pastor. Charles E. Hughes Examiner, is off at every stop, so I have a little the Rev. E. B. English, assisted by making an exhaustive and searching advantage over the other boys. I the Rev. H. H. Hudson, of Berea, and FRENCH ROAD SYSTEM AND ITS inquiry. The public will soon be dont know how long we will be in the Rev. Gilbert, of Winchester. given all the facts connected with Camp Mills, but I am going to get The burial took place in Berea the matter, and will be able to judge down in the city if there is any cemetery under the auspices of the

United States will go back an en- has raged almost continually since my detachment. My major and All of the immediate family were coming to be known as one of the Espionage Act. He made remarks. thusiastic good roads advocate," the outbreak of the war. Expert captain are both from Kentucky present, which consists of his wife, richest and most productive in the it is charged, which discredited writes Capt. Paul Hansen, former epinion is almost unanimous that and seven of us fellows; so we are and two children, his father, chief engineer, Illinois State Board the recommendation of John D. Ryan at home. My major and captain Humphrey H. Hill; two brothers, prove to be an important factor in with German. Such cases make the

water supply service with Lieut. over and operate all the factories one watches over me greater than two sisters, Mrs. Hallie Wagers, of Col. F. F. Longley, formerly with where the airplanes are being built, man, and I feel perfectly safe any- Cincinnati and Mrs. Jennie Hoskins, lature, has made a report to the matter of speech. The Government Hazen, Whipple & Fuller. Parts of is the proper solution of the ques- where I go, and I will always try of Berea.

> Camp Mills. Long Island, N. Y.

WE ARE PATRIOTIC TOO!

During the week of the Red Cross build macadam roads as good or we are assured that airplane pro- Drive, May 20-27, the colored as well as in Berea, who mourn his finds to be the most deficient of any better, but principally in the matter duction is proceeding more satis- people in and about Berea became loss. of upkeep, for which the French factorily than at any time since the thoroly aroused as to their duty and interest in the great struggle ALL DAY MEETING AT PANOLA some change that will avoid the divided into sections like our rail- For the first time, the motors and to win the war and set the world

At a meeting held at the First and when the spots become so factory performance is shown by Richmond Colored High School, ada captain and three canvassers: R. H. Royston, Miss Amanda Moran, Mrs. Fannie Kennedy and Mrs. Matilda Gentry, and by their persistent efforts, there was collected edifice for Sunday services and and turned over to the Red Cross other religious gatherings. chapter at Richmond, forty dollars

surface water. On each side of the English and French mechanics. a Red Cross society, ready to help Methodist Church unite with those road, at intervals of about fifty feet. American experts said the stand- in whatever way most needed, to communions in active Christian little waterways are kept clear, ardizing of the motor was the only obtain the results sought by the work. leading into grass lined side ditches answer to the question of quantity Government. On June 28, a meetproduction. All the indications are ing was called at the colored school ple knows no bounds and each vied now that with America's aid, the house in Berea, by the sub-district with the other in extending a cordiallies will have complete dominance trustee. Chas. Bronough, for the al welcome to the visitors. of the air before the end of the purpose of soliciting War Savings Mr. and Mrs. Hollowell, who are

for War Savings Stamps to the increasingly useful and interesting amount of \$165 were also taken.

As for the colored man's stand munities which it reaches. in this great conflict, none need to doubt. He is today, as he has always been, ready to follow the Stars and stripes wherever they

R. H. Royston.

Department of Agriculture specialists, appealing for increased production of poultry and eggs, make these suggestions: Keep better poulers; hatch early; preserve eggs; cull the flocks; grow as much poultry feed as possible; supply the family table; eat more poultry and eggs and conserve the meat supply.

ing every section of the country. heen. He is regarded by the British thru its chairman, Cosme de la American Red Cross, in the name of sight which has marked Hoover's the Republic of Cuba, the sum of efforts to feed the allied world from \$40,000, to be devoted to the relief of needy families of American soldiers killed in war, and for the aid or disabled American soldiers.

The Red Cross War Council ordera greater hold on the affections of of the resolution adopted was sent to the Cuban Committee.

Aviator Falls into Bay. Babylon, N. Y.-While making a Last Tuesday night, from 7:30 to 60a! flight in training for a commis-

How Character Is Made. Character is never made by following the easy way. Character is made strong by its exercise against the temptation of ease and the lines of least

WALTER HILL

The friends of Walter Hill, a former resident of Berea, were saddened, last week, to learn of his death, which occured at his home in Tulsa, Okla., Sunday, July 7. He attitude to their constituents., Hard- We are between Syracuse and New had been in poor health for some has not in some manner been touch- stop and that was for fifteen known until a short time before his ed by the call to the colors and it will minutes at Niagara Falls. We will death, when it was discovered that lators to satisfactorily explain their There are 20 trains of us, with fif- of a dog bite received several weeks

The body was brought to Berea.

I. O. O. F. Lodge, of which Mr. Hill a double track between these two Green, has been brought before the

Green Hill of Bethany, W. Va., and the coal supply of the country.

their many Berea friends is ex- our county jails. There is a de- and harm the cause of the United tended.

Mr. Hill had been a resident of some cases the books and accounts Tulsa, Okla., for nine years, being of the jailers have been so badly a successful building contractor in kept that it is not possible to dethat city.

A group of Berea workers, composed of Messrs. Christopher, Allen, keep their tools in neat little stone quantity and are being sent overseas tool houses. As soon as a bad spot rapidly. That the Liberty motor Baptist Church, in Middletown, on day and spent a very profitable and and Rix, autoed to Panola last Sundevelops on a road, it is repaired, had proved itself capable of satis- May 21, Prof. Hathaway, of the pleasant day. There were preaching services at 11 a.m. and 3 and 7:30 at which time there were appointed p.m., which were well attended, and demonstrates to a pleasing degree

> The pastors of the Baptist and Christian Churches each hold a We have organized ourselves into monthly service, and members of the

investments; War Savings Stamps making their home with their

At a meeting held July 8, at the that by thus becoming better accolored school house, subscriptions quainted, The Citizen may be made to its readers in the various com-

KING GEORGE'S WELCOME TO OUR BOYS

The following letter was received from William Dizney by his home folks, and is a copy of one which was handed to each American soldier as he landed on British soil: Soldiers of the United States: the people of the British Isles welcome you on your way to take your stand beside the armies of many nations now fighting in the Old World the great battle for human freedom.

"The allies will gain new heart and spirit in your company. I wish that I could shake the hand of each one of you and bid you God speed on your mission.

George, R. I. April, 1918.

EASTERN KENTUCKY NEWS ITEMS (Continued from Page Eight)

Miss Amanda Jones, of Danville,

is visiting her brother, F. M. Jones, this week .- Paul Robinson, who was called for military service June 21, and was stationed at Baltimore. Md., is home for a few days.-Mr. and Mrs. Tom Winkler spent from Saturday until Tuesday with their daughter, Mrs. Todd .- The farmers are busy making hay and laying by their corn .- Mrs. Ed Baker and children are very sick with measles this week .- The men of this district attended the meeting at the school house and did their part in buying War Savings Stamps .- Mr. and Mrs. Walter Jones, of Berea, were callers at Dreyfus, Saturday.-The Rev. Clark Winkler began a revival meeting at the Christian Church, Sunday night; we hope he will meet with much success .- Dr. and Mrs. Baker, of Berea, were Dreyfus callers, Sunday

SMART PEOPLE BUY DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS

RICHMOND

IN OUR OWN STATE

(Continued from Page One)

Company is improving its line be-

order to increase the shipping facil-

The Louisville & Nashville R. R. over.

The aircraft situation is the . There are about 40,000 men in the Thursday, accompanied by his wife may not be entitled to do so. tween Ravenna and McRoberts, in

termine what are the accurate He leaves a host of friends there amounts. The system of jailers, he

quality. Some time ago, the need probable that Germany has taken of such lumber for Government pur- them, if they have not been desposes was made known and the troyed by the Russians, to prevent men and boys of the mountain such a fate. It is estimated that denomination using the same church counties have been able to get good it will increase the German strength results. Surprise was expressed at least twenty-five per cent.

suggests the possibility of making

that so much good timber of the kind wanted existed so close at hand. The resources of the mountain sections are likely to cause

many a surprise before the war is

KENTUCKY

OWEN McKEE

THERE IS A REASON

J. W. Wheeler, an itinerant ities for coal. It will probably lay Baptist minister near Bowling places. The Elkhorn coal field is Commissioners for violation of the state and the country, and will American soldiers in comparison people of the state acquainted with the fact that we are at war and that Nat Sewell, of the State Legis- care must be exercised in the state, in which he shows the con- will not tolerate anything which To them, the deepest sympathy of ditions which exist in the care of will help the cause of the enemy linquency of about \$500.00 and in States.

WORLD NEWS (Continued from Page One)

new foreign minister will follow the in our administrative affairs and policy laid down by the Chancelor. Considerable interest centers in the possible increase in the strength of the German fleet which comes about from the seizure of the Russian war ships. It is known that A lumber company in Cincinnati many fine vessels had been built has received a large consignment of since the Russian-Japanese war, of walnut logs of the very finest the most modern type, and it is

'Chain' Tread

Back the Government to the Limit

The Government has asked American business to pursue a certain course for the duration of the war.

Keep quality up and prices reasonable, -a strictly non-profiteering policy.

It is the only patriotic policy.

It is the policy this company has always adopted and the one we will continue to pursue.

We stand ready to undergo any sacrifice in order to cooperate with the Government.

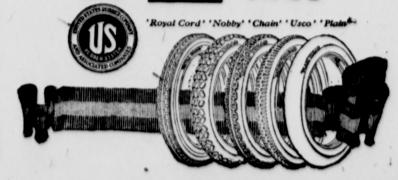
We believe it is best for ourselves. We know it is best for our country.

We appeal to all concerns—big and small to adopt the same policy.

American business must rally as a unit to the support of the Government.

It is the surest and quickest way to win the

United States Tires are Good Tires



MOUNTAIN AGRICULTURE

Conducted by Mr. Robert F. Spence, Farm Demonstrator and Special Investigator

TO WHEAT GROWERS OF SOUTH-ERN MADISON COUNTY

There will be a wheat growers' meeting at Berea, July 27, afternoon at 2:00 o'clock, in the College Vocational Chapel. Every man who is growing wheat, or expects to grow wheat, or can be interested in growing wheat is asked to come to this meeting.

There will be wheat specialists to discuss this problem with wheat growers. We are very anxious that every farmer of Southern Madison be present at this meeting. Our campaign opens August 1 for our 1919 crops.

Don't forget the time-Saturday, July 27, at 2:00 o'clock- Vocational Chapel.

TO MEMBERS OF AGRICULTURAL CLUBS GROWING CORN

The killing of weeds is only one of several important reasons why we cultivate corn. Cultivation also plays an important part in holding water in a barrel or other receptacle. ing plant foods into form which the plant can use.

Water is the means by which water laden with plant food in solution passes up the stalk and the water is evaporated into the air through the leaves, leaving the food substances for the growth of the plant. It has been estimated that to be mixed when needed. about 600 pounds of water must pass ment. You can see, therefore, that in the soil. The moisture in the soil is at all times moving slowly to the surface of the ground just like oil up a lamp wick. When a rain, this soil water is evaporated in to the air much more rapidly than when the surface of the soil is kept in a fine, loose condition, and the crop is sure to suffer.

Give your crop shallow, level cultivation after a rain to break this crust so that the water will be kept in the soil for the plants' use. In hot dry weather, it is a good practice to give frequent shallow cultivation for this same reason.

The soil is a storehouse of plant food, but much of this food is in a form which the plant cannot readjly use. Plants require their food in the form of soup. In other words, the plant food substances in the soil must undergo certain changes and be dissolved in the soil moisture before the plant can use them. Frequent cultivation tends to hasten win the war. this process by breaking up soil particles into smaller parts, holdthe food substances, and by making build and maintain roads now. the soil porous so that the air can enter to play its part in making the soil elements available.

Read Bulletin No. 537-"How to Grow An Acre of Corn," which will tell you more about the care of your Road Tax. crop. If you have not received a copy of this bulletin, let me know and I will send you a copy.

Do your best with your acre, as we are looking forward to a good report from you this fall. Yours very truly,

ROBERT F. SPENCE County Agent

TO MEMBERS OF AGRICULTURAL CLUBS GROWING POTATOES

Insect pests, plant diseases and weeds are the farmers' worst ing conditions without more revenue enemies and cause tremendous losses every year to farm crops. It has been estimated by U.S. Department of Agriculture experts, that insects of various sorts destroy 20% or one-fifth of our vegetable crops. The loss in the United States by in- 20.50, No. 1 clover \$15@16. sects to this class of crops alone is ard white 821/2 @83c, No. 3 white 82@ estimated at approximately \$60,000,-000 annually. Protect yourself from ed 761/2@77c. serious losses by combatting these pests as soon as they appear.

bugs (Colorado Potato Beetle) as they are the worst enemy of the potato plant. Get after the first bugs that come out in the spring, 46c, centralized creamery extras 45 1/2c, as these lay the eggs that soon hatch | firsts 41c out into a great number of hungry ordinary firsts 35c. young bugs which soon strip the young bugs which soon strip the plant, if not checked. There are plant, if not checked. There are youngly two breads of potato bugs and over, 35c; under 1½ lb, 30@33c; fowls, 4 lbs and over, 30½c; do under 4 lbs, over 15c; and usually two broods of potato bugs 301/2c; roosters, 19c lb. in a season; one early in the sumbrood is largely destroyed, there will \$8@12; heifers, extra \$12@13, good to not be much trouble with the second brood.

As potato bugs eat the leaves of \$17.25, fair to good \$14@16.75, common the plant, we can kill them easily and large \$7@13. by putting poison on the leaves. Any of the following spray mixtures will

spoonful to 1 gallon of water.

Paris Green-(dry), 1 part to 50 parts of one of the following: Air slacked lime, land plaster, or dry wet with dew.

Arsenate of Lead-(powder), 11/2 pounds to 50 gallons of water, or two level tablespoonfuls to one gallon of

Arsenate of Lead-(pastes), 3 pounds to 50 gallons of water, or lon of water.

Where potato blight is common the plants should be sprayed with Bordeaux Mixture about three times during the growing season as a pre-

formula is recommended: Copper Sulphate (blue vitrol)

...... 4 lbs Quicklime (not slaked) ... 4 lbs. Water 50 gallons. placing in a cloth sack and suspending just below the surface of the

moisture in the soil and in chang- Slack the quicklime with water and add more water until it is about the consistency of cream and free from plant food is brought up into the the lime solution and add water to plant to make growth. The soil the required amount. Bordeaux mixture should be freshly mixed each time, as it deteriorates standsolution of the copper sulphate and 6th Door—Berea College of the lime in separate receptacles

Bordeaux Mixture may be used there is great need of saving water weeks, applying three or four applications during the season. The in the same proportion as when crust forms on the soil, as after water is used and both applied at the same time.

Experience has shown that spraying with Bordeaux Mixture gives an increase in the yield of potatoes, even though the plants are not troubled with potato blight. It is a good policy, therefore, to use Bordeaux Mixture on potatoes whenever possible. It pays at harvest time and safeguards the crop against disease.

Do your best with your crop, as we are looking forward to a good report from you this fall. Yours very truly,

> Robert F. Spence, County Agent.

GOOD ROAD HINTS

If you maintain roads, you help

Why can't we skip the argumenting moisture in the soil to dissolve ative and educational periods and

> Everybody is for good roads the same as we are for good air and good health, but the man that is really for good roads is for the 20c.

A county that has a good county road engineer will have good roads, but pity is expressed for a county that is burdened with an inefficient road engineer.

A good road survey must be made if the road is built as cheaply as at Berea if there is the will to do so. possible.

Everybody knows that the roads cannot be maintained under exist- ing the winter and spring terms.

CINCINNATI MARKETS. Hay and Grain. Hay—No. 1 timothy \$23.50@24, No. 2

\$22.50@43.50, No. 1 clover mixed \$20.50 @22.50, No. 2 clover mixed \$19.50@ Oats-No. 2 white \$83@831/2c, stand-

821/2c, No. 2 mixed 77@78c, No. 3 mix-

Corn—No. 2 white \$2.10@2.14, No. 3 white \$2.05@2.10, No. 2 yellow \$1.85@ yellow \$1.80@1.85 Keep a sharp look out for potato mixed \$1.75@1.85, No. 3 mixed \$1.70@ 75, white ear \$1.90@2, yellow ear \$1.60@1.65, mixed ear \$1.55@1.60.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry. Butter—Whole milk creamery extras Eggs-Prime firsts 361/2c, firsts 35c,

Live Stock mer, the other about five weeks later than the first. If the first steers, extra \$14.50@15.50, good to choice \$12.50@14.50, common to fair choice \$11@12, common to fair @10.50; cows, extra \$10.25@11.50.

Hogs—Selected heavy shippers \$17.25, good to choice packers and butchers \$17.25, medium (160 to 180 lbs) \$17.35@17.50, stags \$11@13, com-Paris Green—1 pound to 75 gal-lons of water, or one level table— the and less) \$16@17.50, pigs (110 us and less) \$16@17.50

SIX DOORS

FOR ASPIRING YOUNG PEOPLE

flour. Dust on plants while still 1st Door—Berea's Vocational Schools

Training that adds to your money-earning power, combined with general education.

FOR YOUNG MEN-Agriculture, Carpentry, Bricklaying, Printing, Commerce and Telegraphy. FOR YOUNG LADIES - Home Science, Dressmaking, Cooking,

one level tablespoonful to one gal- 2nd Door—Berea's Foundation School

Nursing, Stenography and Typewriting.

General Education for those not far advanced, combined with some vocational training. No matter what your present advancement, we can put you with others like yourself and give chance for most rapid improvement.

ventive measure. The following 3rd Door—Berea's English Academy Course

For those who are not expecting to teach and who are not going thru College and desire more general education. It also gives the best general education for those who wish a good start in study and expect to carry it on by themselves.

Dissolve the copper sulphate by 4th Door—Berea's Normal School

This gives the best training for those who expect to teach. Courses are so arranged that young people can teach through the summer and fall and attend school through the winter and spring, thus earning money to keep right on in their courses of study. Read Dinsmore's great book, "How to Teach a District School."

tumps. Mix the copper sulphate and 5th Door—Berea's Preparatory Academy Course This is the straight road to College-best training in Mathematics,

Science, Languages, History and all preparatory subjects. The Academy is now Berea's largest department.

This is the crown of the whole Institution, and provides standard courses in all advanced subjects.

A Temporary Raise in Board is forced by war conditions. For through each stalk in its develop- first when the plants are about twenty-five years the board has remained the same in Berea, but the six inches high, then every two unusual situation in which the whole country finds itself now makes it impossible for us to live on the same money as we have in the past

This adds \$6.60 to the former expenses of the girls and \$1560 to paris green or arsenate of lead may the expenses of the boys, but still leaves the cost half that at other be added to the Bordeaux Mixture schools and "cheaper than staying at home."

> PAYMENTT MUST BE IN ADVANCE, incidental fee and room rent by the term, board by the half term. Installments are as follows:

FALL TERM Expenses for Boys

VOCATIONAL AND	ACADEMI	
FOUNDATION SCHOOLS	AND NORMAL	COLLEGE
Incidental Fee \$ 5.00	\$ 6.00	\$ 7.00
Room 7.00	7.00	7.00
Board, 7 weeks 12.25	12.25	12.25
Amount due Sept. 11, 1918 24.25	25.25	26.25
Board, 7 weeks, due Oct. 30 12.25	12.25	12.25
Total for Term 36.50	*37.50	38.50
Expenses for Girls		
Incidental Fee \$ 5.00	\$ 6.00	8 7.00
Rcom 7.00	7.00	7.00
Board, 7 weeks 10.50	10.50	10.50
Amount due Sept. 11. 1918 22.50	23.50	24.50
Board, 7 weeks, due Oct. 30 10.50	10.50	10.50
Total for Term *33.00	*34.00	*35.00

. This does not include the dollar deposit nor money for books or

Special Expenses in Addition to Incidental Fee-Business

	1.4444	** * ******	rate and
Stenography and Typewriting 8	14.00	\$12.00	\$10.00
Bookkeeping (brief course)	14.00	12.00	10.00
Bookkeeping (regular course)	7.00	6.00	5.00
Business course for students			
in other departments:			
Stenography	10.50	9.00	7.50
Typewriting, with one hour's			
use of instrument	7.00	6.00	5.00
Com. Law., Com. Geog., Com.			
Arith, or Penmanship, each	2.10	1.80	1.50
In no case will special Business Fees	exceed	\$15.00 per term.	

All students do some work with their hands from six to sixteen hours a week as janitors or in the farm, carpenter shop, printing office, laundry, boarding hall, office, etc., and receive pay which

reduces their expenses. Any able-bodied young man or young woman can get an education

If it is impossible for any young man or young woman to be in school the full year, by all means they should enter for a course dur-

The public schools will close about Christmas and the teachers and advanced pupils should not be idle through the long winter months but should be studying in Berea where the best education can be gotten for least money.

Applicants must bring or send a testimonial showing that they are above 15 years old, in good health and of good character. This may be signed by some former Berea student in good standing or some reliable teacher or neighbor. The use of tobacco is strictly forbidden.

For information or friendly advice write to the Secretary,

MARSHALL E. VAUGHN, Berea, Ky.

Berea College Hospital

Best Equipment and Service at Lowest Cost. Wards for Men and for Women, Sun-parlor. Private Rooms, Baths, Electric Service.

Surgery, Care in Child-birth, Eye Treatment, Nose and Ear, General Practice

Come in and visit an establishment, which is a friend in need, and in reach of all the people.

> Robert H. Cowley, M.D., Physician Mrs. Anna Powell Hackett, Superintendent

A RED PHILOSOPHER

A rather lengthy article appeared in a recent issue of the Mt. Vernon Signal, and it outlines in humorous fashion, some of the pet theories of our good friend, Bob. Spence.

farming, breeding, etc. His pre- place: dilection for the red dominates "Our hospital, a British-Amerifrom Berea.

kernel), of these reds. In some of soldiers so badly wounded that they the mountain communities, he is could not be moved. A number of spotted as "R. I. Red" for his ad- of nurses stayed with the soldiers, vocacy of the Rhode Island Reds, and I remained to help. as the hen for productivity in the egg line at all times.

ing from him persistently at all of his meetings.

for the result.

it be the next surprise?

The "Red Battalion" will give him tion of the pavilion possible. another title of "Red Sheep Bob," when he goes among them, if his object is attained.

County Agent for the U. S. Agricul- and a shipment of clothes to Paris tural Department and a successful by air route. missionary in the cause of progressive farming and cattle raising the U.S. would let him.

MRS. E. E. ALICOATE



Here is the official yeowomen's costune of the United States navy, worn by Mrs. Ethel E. Alicoate of Washington, a yeoman of the third class. It is of blue serge with the regulation navy buttons, and white cotton gloves are a part of the uniform.

work of the Committee on Public A card index system has been in-Information announces that the stalled, covering the identification of trustees of Pratt Institute, Brook- the individual or family assisted lyn, N. Y., offer to wives and daugh- and the names of organizations to ters of Army officers three scholar- which previous applications for asships, including tuition and laboratory fees, for 1918-19, covering household science, household arts, and preparation for institutional work.

Truly Republican.

That country is republican where honesty and merit are recognized and rewarded.

SOLDIER WHO WAS NEAR DEATH TELLS OF MEROISM OF RED CROSS NURSES UNDER FIRE

Private A. C. McLeod, the first We are constrained to reprint it American soldier to be wounded in in part for the consideration of our France, was hurt when the Germans bombed a Red Cross hospital. He Down in Eastern Kentucky, they owes his life, he believes, to the have got a young man of red blood- Red Cross nurse who stuck by him who sees red as the color best adapt- in the shattered ward, and saw that ed for men, women, animals, corn, he had prompt surgical attention. etc. This red philosophy comes to Two of the nurses were wounded him by comparisons, confirmed thru by the same bomb that hurt Mr. experience and concensus of opinion McLeod, but the rest of the women, -that it has become a doctrine and it was stated, were as cool as the counterpart of his instruction, for men. Here is his own story in the guidance and safety, in those which it will be noticed the Red initial efforts toward progressive Cross nurse is given the principal

his talks and he proves the varieties can one in Flanders, was bombed the thereof by observation, examples, night of September 4, last. I was etc., so that out of an army of con- working in this hospital, at which verts, there is a battalion known I had been assigned to the transas the "Red Battalion"-from the portation section. The patients Daniel Boone Trail leading to and who could do so went to the bombproof cellar when the air-raid Our "Bob" is the real colonel (red opened, but there were a number of

"Suddenly, a bomb made a direct hit and exploded near by. It Then again as "Red Cattle Bob"- pretty nearly cleaned out the hoshis fondness for red cows and bulls pital. My legs were smashed to a as best yielders in calves, milk and pulp and I was raving with pain. cream fastens that title to him too. I won't describe the scene about "Red Hog Bob" falls from the lips me, for that would be too horrible. of many. He is ardent in his at- A nurse stayed by my side. She tachment for the red hogs (Durocs) stuck to me and saw that I had as superior in their product nu- prompt surgical attention, and I merically-their appetite for rough- probably owe my life to the image-their swiftness in putting on mediate amputation which was pounds of fat and pork, etc .- 'tis a ordered. The bombing of this hosfad with him and evinces sureness potal cost one nurse an eye, and of judgment and big profits to all another a foot. The rest of the of his followers; "clean pens and nurses were as cool as the men. I surroundings and vaccination to can't say too much for the work of prevent cholera," is a slogan, com- the American Red Cross in France."

RED CROSS NOTES

So sure of his success in other Odds and Ends of Work in France red directions, he is on the track In the presence of Cardinal to bring forward a breed of sheep Amette and many American Red to produce red wool; its white and Cross workers, the new tubercular black now, why not red? He's de- pavilion of the Hospital St. Joseph, vout to his purpose and positive too, Paris, was opened a few weeks ago. At the close of the ceremony, the Red wool growing on a sheep's archbishop of Paris paid a tribute back is something to look for-will to the American Red Cross, whose generosity had made the construc-

Le Petite Republique notes that the American Red Cross has sent He shines pre-eminently as a one thousand bed covers to Havre

The American Red Cross has and would wear a red Uniform if opened an employment bureau for the refugees from the invaded territory in the Department of Indre et Loire. It is located at 11

rue Sebastopol, Tours.

The American Red Cross has given the sum of 150,000 francs to the Hospital of General Malleterre, devoted to the re-education of the maimed. This gift will provide for additional beds and personnel, and maintain the barracks for the period of a year.

As a result of the great success attending the recent children's welfare exposition at Lyon, France, it has been decided to establish there classes for visiting nurses, the nurses to be selected by the American Red Cross. The courses will last four months, the graduates becoming licensed visiting nurses who will travel about teaching mothers and children's nurses, and giving simple treatment when neces-

The agricultural re-educational center established by the American Red Cross on a farm near Chennonceaux, is now in operation. It is equipped to accommodate 125 mutiles from the French Army. Six barracks are under construction and tools and machinery have been shipped from America. A complete dairy equipment has been ordered.

Further perfecting the efficiency of its relief work in France, the American Red Cross has established a relief information bureau in Paris, with the idea of eliminating all overlapping of activity and of guarding against possible abuse of its The division on woman's war service by unscrupulous persons. sistance have been made.

Good to Remember.

It is well to have visions of a better life than that of every day, but it is the life of every day from which elements of a better life must come .-Maeterlinck.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON (By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.) (Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper)

(Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR AUGUST 4

GROWING STRONGER.

LESSON TEXTS-Luke 2:42-52; II Peter (MAY BE USED WITH TEMPERANCE

APPLICATIONS.)
GOLDEN TEXT—But the path of the righteous is as the dawning light, that shineth more and more unto the perfect day.-Proverbs 4:18.

DEVOTIONAL READING-Ephesians 6:10-18. PRIMARY LESSON MATERIAL-Luke

2:42-52.
INTERMEDIATE, SENIOR AND ADULT TOPIC—The kind of strength we need; getting it; using it.
ADDITIONAL MATERIAL—Isalah 40:

29-31; Ephesians 3:14-21; Philippians 4:8-13. 1. Jesus Christ Growing (Luke 2:42-

While Christ was indeed divine, his delty did not interfere with his development as a human being. The processes of his physical, mental, and spiritual growth were the same as

those of any human being. 1. Jesus tarrying behind at Jeru salem (vv. 42, 43).

At the age of twelve a Jewish child took his place as a worshipper in the temple. He was considered a "child of the law." Being conscious of his mission, when Joseph and his mother were returning from attendance at the Passover, he tarried behind to enter the temple and inquired into the meaning of the ordinances of God's House. He had an alert, eager mind, which inquired after the truth, especially the truth concerning his Father's House. His heart yearned after his Father.

44-50).

When Joseph and Jesus' mother had gone some distance on their return journey they perceived that Jesus was missing, and sought him among their kinsfolk and acquaintance. Not finding him there, they turned back to Jerusalem where they found him in the temple.

(1) He was "sitting" (v. 46) showing that he was no passing visitor or sightseer. He was perfectly at home in his Father's House.

(2) He was "hearing" the teachers of God's Word (v. 46). This shows he was eager to learn God's will.

(3) He asked questions (v. 46). The growing mind is inquisitive. It more than receives that which taught; it inquires after.

(4) He answered questions (v. 42). His answers showed great wisdom, was not an exhibition of his divine wisdom, but an expression of the workings of a perfect human mind suffused by the Holy Spirit.

3. Mary's complaint (vv. 48-50). She remonstrates with him for his behavior. He made no apology, showing that he was more than the son of Mary; God was his Father.

4. Jesus obedient (v. 51). vine being and mission, he lived a life of fillal obedience.

5. Jesus' development (v. 52).

(1) Mental-"Increased in wisdom." (2) Physical-"Stature."

(3) Spiritual-"Favor with God and

II. Growth in Grace (II Peter 1:3-11).

This is not growth into grace, but growth in it. We get into grace by the new birth. This new nature which has its source in God must be developed in order that our lives be fruitful for God (v. 8), that they bear testimony to the cleansing power of Christ's blood (v. 9), and that we may have assurance of salvation (v. 10). The following are lines of growth:

1. "Virtue" (v. 5). Virtue here means energy or courage. This is not "added" as in the Authorized Version, but as in the Revised Version which reads: "In your faith supply virtue." It means increase by growth, not by external junction. Faith is the root from

which spring all these excellencies. 2. "Knowledge" (v. 5). This means a right understanding. a practical knowledge.

3. "Temperance" (v. 6). Temperance means self-control. This self-control extends to all the affairs of life. Practical knowledge will supply to itself the government of all appetites.

. "Patience" (v. 6). This means endurance. Having control of self within, there will be endurance of that without.

5. "Godliness" (v. 6). This means piety, reverence for God, the submission of the human will to the will of God. This is a part of that practical knowledge which we are obliged to supply.

6. "Botherly kindness" (v. 7).

Love of the brethren must be developed in godliness. The proof that one is godly is that he loves the brethren (1 John 5:1). This means the special love of Christians for each other.

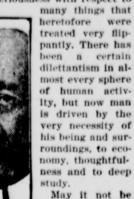
7. "Charity" (v. 7).

This is love. Peter's climax is reached in love. Out of faith, which is the root, springs this seven-fold fruit. In order to prevent apostasy, Peter calls all to be diligent in the development of these graces. All such shall endure.

Sound Doctrine

By REV. J. H. RALSTON, D. D. Secretary of Correspondence Department Moody Bible Institute, Chicago

TEXT-But speak thou the things which secome sound doctrine.—Titus 2:1. One of the bi-products of the world war is the seriousness with respect to



that in religion there has been like dilettant-Has it not been a com-

ism? mon thing to have men say, "It makes no difference what a man belleves so he acts right?" Such an expression is common to the person who has practically no religious profession, but many in the churches of Jesus Christ are saying, "Oh, we don't care! One minister is as good as another. We are under obligation to believe one man as well as another." Has not that position been taken to such an extent that the sense of discrimination as to the minister's message has become deadened or lost? A distinguished American pastor said not long ago that he was preaching in the Highlands of Scotland and he found a door. himself attacked at the close of his sermon as to the squaring of his teaching 2. Jesus found in the temple (vv. with the Bible and with the standards of the Scottish church. Is it not a rare thing to have a minister criticized because he is not sound or orthodox? How a minister is dressed how he speaks, what are his mannerisms? are universal subjects of remark, but rarely is it asked, "Is he sound in doctrine?" Many at once become incensed if you suggest such a thing as unsoundness in doctrine, and today a large proportion of these are professed Christians and liberal supporters of

Christian work. The text was written by the Apostle Paul and in the short letter from which it is taken Paul speaks some five times about this soundness. An examination of the different verses shows that the word translated sound as an adjective means primarily healthful or health-giving. What we note of the trend of Paul's mind guided by the Holy Spirit as found in his writings in the two epistles to Timothy and the one from which this text is taken, leads to no confusion as to his desire to purify Christian doctrine or teaching. He warns us, too, of "Many unruly and vain talkers and deceivers whose mouths must be stopped, teaching things which they ought not." Writing about the same to Timothy he Though he was conscious of his di- spoke of the time when "Men will not endure sound doctrine, but will heap to themselves teachers having itching ears, and they shall turn away their ears from the truth and shall be turned unto fables." Doctrine is simply teaching of any kind. It may be profound or superficial, right or wrong, pleasing or disturbing.

Now, what is sound doctrine or terion or judgment. The suggestion of the Apostle Paul in his initial way gives one of these. This preaching must be health-giving, and as to spiritual doctrine, that would mean that it these nails (Fig. 1). must be health-giving spiritually.

In the first place, the teaching should be simple, never causing a doubt in the minds of the hearers as to the intent of the teacher. In his first letter to the Corinthians Paul, referring to the man who speaks for God, gives warning that his speech must not be like a trumpet that gives an uncertain sound. Far better is it that a man is at once recognized as speaking against the truth than that he is so uncertain in his message that the needy soul does not know whether there is anything in the speech for him or not. The indefiniteness of much of the religious teaching of today is a prominent characteristic of it. Jesus Christ was never misunderstood as to man's belief and life. The message of "Billy" Sunday, or Gypsy Smith, is not misunderstood.

In the second place the message should be sound in the sense that it is in accordance with the accepted belief of the Christian centuries. There have been alterations from the truth at practically every point, yet the aggregate of Christian belief is trustworthy and cannot be misunderstood. The confusion of the present day is universally acknowledged, but fifty

years ago this confusion did not exist. The Godless philosophy of today, unquestionably finding its hatching place in the German universities and theological schools, and the theology of the flood of fiction and other more serious literature that has swept over the land, has fallen altogether into ruin in the light of the present war.

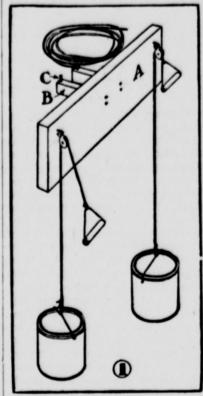
Red-blooded and thinking men are driven to the necessity of conceding that possibly the acceptance of the proposition that the Bible is the Word of God, infallible in its records, and supreme in authority, is the need of the day and is the only guaranty of the soundness of doctrine.

HANDICRAFT FOR BOYS

BY A. NEELY HALL cthor of "The Handy Boy," "The Boy Craftsman." "Handicraft for Handy Boys." etc.

A HOME-MADE CHEST-WEIGHT.

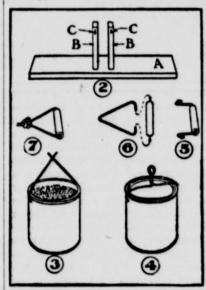
The objection to the common form of chest-weight exerciser because it cannot be fastened to a wall without marring the plaster, is eliminated in the set shown below by reason of



its being attached to the edge of

The cross board A. to which the pulleys are attached (Fig. 1), should be prepared first. Cut this about 5 inches wide and 18 inches long. Get a cotton, wool, or silk. The jobbers, pair of clothes-line pulleys, not screwpulleys, but the kind with "eyes" that fasten with staples. Attach these pulleys to the cross board one inch from the ends and the same distance down from the top edge.

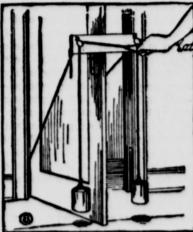
Fasten a pair of strips 8 inches long to the back of board A (B, Fig. 2), placing them in the center of the length of the board, one inch above what will be the lower edge of the board, and spacing them two inches apart, or just far enough to allow the door to slip between. Strips B are provided to rest upon the door knobs for support of the cross board. Fasten



teaching? There must be some cri- them with nails driven through board A into their ends. Drive a nail into each of the strips near the outer ends (C, Fig. 2), and tie the end of a sixfoot length of clothes line to one of

> To attach the chest-weight to a door, it is necessary to rest the bottom edge of board A upon the door latch, and strips B upon the door knobs, then run the rope attached to one of the nails C around the face of the door, around the hinged edge, beneath the lower hinge, back to the second nail, and then tie securely to the nail. To prevent board A from scratching the edge of the door, tack a piece of heavy cloth over the back.

> The weights are made of tin cans filled with sand or earth, preferably



sand. Sirup cans with covers that fit down into the tops are the best kind to use. Pierce two holes through each can, locating them directly opposite one another, and near the top, and run through them a wire long enough to extend up over the top and be bent into a loop (Figs. 3 and 4).

The handles for the chest-weights are made from a pair of package-carrying handles (Fig. 5), with the hooked wires removed, and V-shaped wire loops inserted in their stead

BUSINESS HAMPERED

UNCERTAINTIES OF PRICE-FIXING PLANS AND PROPOSITION TO PUT TAX ON MATERIALS.

Taking the Country as a Whole, Mer-cantile Business Has Been Quite Good, in Certain Manufacturing Centers Especially.

New York .- While the continuance of favorable weather has permitted nearly maximum production in various important industries the output, as a rule, has been barely sufficient to answer the expanding requirements of the Government, and hence civilian buyers still find little available. There seems to be no hope for improvement in this respect, as the advent of warmer weather will doubtless curtail pro duction, while the shortage of labor is becoming more marked, and a still more serious deficiency is expected with additional drafts for military service. As far as the so-called "war industries" are concerned this will be offset to some extent by further diversion of labor from non-essential pursuits. The latter has resulted in a material increase in the employment of women. Taking the country as a whole, mercantile business has been quite good. In certain manufacturing centers it has been surprisingly so. Jobbers, who have not yet received their quotas for the coming fall because of deliveries belated to give away to war orders, are eager to make sure of getting what they will need for next spring. Retailers of readyto-wear are just as anxious to be assured that their supplies for fall will reach them in time. The latter are disturbed because of

the official price-fixing of certain staple cottons at lower levels, which is to be followed by reduction in other fabrics. This trend, in fact, is plainly seen to be downward, and the question is as to how soon it will be practically manifested in the prices of made-up garments, whether they be of with a longer look ahead, are perturbed at the suggestions which have come from Washington, intimating that purchases of garments, household paraphernalia, and other articles above certain prices are to be taxed. This may have one, or both, of two effects. It may cause a great deal of buying in advance to avoid the payment of the tax penalty, or it may result in a decided restriction of buying. Manifestly, it is difficult to make arrangements very far ahead, when uncertainties of this kind are added to those incident to the war conditions. The prospects for the present appear to be for piece-meal and cautious buying. It is an axiom that transportation facilities are limited by those of the terminals whether they be roads, railways, or waterways. A striking and painful example of this was given the country last winter when fuelless days had to be ordered to help clear the congestion around this and other cities.

Tricolors of Heroic France Honored. Washington.-Throughout the United States the tricolor of France waved over throngs celebrating Bastile Day, the anniversary of the birth of a new Impressive held in many of the larger cities, and 35,000 ministers and speakers who are enrolled in the four-minute corps of the Committee on Public Information spoke to millions of the deep significance of the day and of the close ties which link the United States and the great European republic. The great army of four-minute speakers appearing in the churches and other public gathering places spoke of the great part France has played in aiding this country to achieve liberty and freedom and then by rising votes secured the indorsement of their audiences to a resolution of praise and affection for France.

Captain Was Young Woman.

There was, in the early days of the last century, a certain Captain Alexandrov, attached to the Russian Royal Uhlans. The captain's name was really Nadeshda Durova, and "he" was a young woman who, at the age of sixteen, had enlisted in a Cossack regiment. Nadeshda fought at Gustadt in 1807, where she routed a party of French dragons, and carried a wounded officer away on her horse. She was wounded at Smolensk and Borodino, and took part in the harrying of the grand army in its retreat from Moscow. The Russian emperor, Alexander, was privy to the secret of her sex, and it was by his instructions that she was always treated at court as captain in the Royal Uhlans. Nadeshda retired from military service at the age of twenty-five, and assumed the role, more appropriate to her sex, of a writer of romances.

Rationing of Coal to Household.

Washington.-Rationing of coal to householders was announced by the Fuel Administration as among the plans designed to prevent a threatened shortage of coal next winter. Each domestic consumer will be allowed only as much coal as is found to be scientifically necessary to heat his house to 68 degrees, provided every conservation rule has been obeyed. The allowance for each householder, the announcement said, will be sufficient for comfort, but "the thoughtless and wasteful consumer who finds his allowance gone before the end of the winter will have only himself to thank if he has no fuel with which to heat his house."

Margeret

By SUSAN CLAGETT

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The air was filled with the perfume of roses and the morning breeze blew the light curtains to and fro and wafted the delicious fragrance through the open window. A little child was seated upon the floor burying a white kitten under the red rose petals she had pulled from stems scattered about. Near her lay a doll very much undressed. Beside it a little pile of dainty clothing ready for use when her mistress remembered what was due to respectability.

Watching the group with listless eyes was a woman, stretched with an invalid's inertness upon a couch. Listening to the child's low talk, she caught the sound of a quick step upon the veranda and a faint gleam of color rose to her face to disappear before a man stepped through the long window into the room; a man alert in movement whose keen eyes softened to a marvelous gentleness as he looked toward her.

With an almost imperceptible motion the girl pressed more deeply into the pillows supporting her. The slight movement was not lost upon the man, who laid his hand upon the child's head, laughing as he turned her face to meet his gaze.

"What a careless, careless mother, Ruth, to leave your child in this condition. She will take cold.'

"I'm aw'ly anxious, Doctor Max, and I'm glad you have come," she answered, gravely. "I'm afraid Colum-bia has hurt herself and will have to

have an op'ration." With gravity equaling her own, the physician took the doll and worked at stiff and broken joints until legs and arms moved easily. He was glad of the respite, for the slight withdrawing of the woman upon the couch had hurt him to the quick. Not until the doll was in perfect order did he turn and take the slender hand in his strong. warm clasp. With professional quickness he noted the irregular pulse and heavy eyes.

"You did not sleep last night," he said gently.

"No," she answered, quietly meet-

ing his eyes. With a sigh he left her side and stood for long looking with unseeing eyes into the old-fashioned garden; searching, as he daily searched, his mind for some means of combating the will of the woman he desired above all things to make his wife, and as always he turned toward her feeling the utter futility of any effort he might make.

"You gain no strength," he said at last, the misery in his heart told in the sudden strain of his voice. For the moment the usually self-contained physician was not himself. And words he felt should not be spoken at the present time were forced from his lips his intolerable anxiety.

"If I thought my leaving you, Margeret, would be your gain, I would go he should know what life would mean within the hour. But you need me. to her without him, and she hurried, You need my strength, my understanding. This, that you allow to hausted upon the steps leading up to stand between us is a false conception of your physical condition. You have thought about yourself until you have become obsessed by the idea that you are a helpless invalid."

"Will I ever be strong, Max?" "Strength would come with happiness. It is happiness you are fighting with all that is in you under the mistaken impression that you would make of my life a failure by coming to me, whereas I need you more than I can say. I need peace of mind. That I cannot have when I see you putting from you the love God has implanted in your heart; that you have told me you feel for me.

"The battle is going against you, dear. Each day I see it. It is the constant effort to keep the barrier between us that tells so upon you. I know this as your physician. I know it because of my love for you. Why are you so unwilling to allow me to be the judge of what is best for me? That is what you are doing. Deciding for me. Dear, no man who is a man is going to accept without protest such decision. If you care nothing for me there is nothing more to be said. I am man enough, I hope, to take my medicine without whimpering. But you have told me that you do care; that you will not give yourself to me because you will be a drag upon my fe."
There was a moment of silence, then

she put her slender fingers about his and rested her cheek against his "Max, would that be at peace if I did as you wish?" she asked gently as she placed his hand over her laboring heart. "Would happiness continue where there would be constant regret? You say I am obsessed by the fear I would spoil your life. I am. What help could I be to a man climbing, as you are climbing each day higher in your profession? I would be proud of you, yet I could life insurance?" do nothing but sit and wait and listen. And when you were not with me there said. would always be regret. Try as I If men could only die at the right would, I could not hide it. Your love time, when their work is finished, would find it out and you would be when their finances are in good

as miserable as I." roughly. "I am thinking of you as their families and their business, inwell as myself. It is your life as well surance would be of less use than it as mine I am begging for. Hearts can is, says Everyweek. But every man

I am a strong man, Margeret, while

He gripped the frame of the window until the veins stood out in great cords upon his hand. He had forced himself to speak quietly and his voice gave no hint of the agony of fear that possessed him.

"Are you going to let your will stand between us, spoil our lives? Happiness will lengthen yours. And mine?" He drew a deep breath. "We will not talk of mine, dear. For your own sake I implore you to listen to

"Auntie, what does Doctor Max want you to do?" The forgotten child slipped between them and threw an arm across the frail figure.

"He wishes me to go away with him, dear."

"Will you?" Ruth questioned in sudden fear.

The weary eyes looked steadily into the dominant ones above her and were held by the pain and misery she saw in their depths. Her own were dark with suffering as she turned away with a sigh.

"No, sweatheart." With a laugh of relief the child resumed her play and the man left the room.

Some hours later as the last rays of the setting sun glinted across the flower-scented room, Ruth danced into it holding her doll closely saving over and over one word until the rythm reached the dulled consciousness of the woman lying on the couch and aroused her.

"What is it you say, dear?" "Such a funny word that mammy told me about," the child answered. "Skidded. I want to know what it means, because she says Doctor Max did it down the hill. She didn't tell

me where. Suddenly erect Margeret stared at the child. "Tell Mammy Rose to come here, Ruth, and we will find out what

she meant." "I's righ' hyar, Miss Mar'gret. I jus' dun foller dat chil' case I feared she'd say somefin' she shouldn't. Now don' yo' git skeered, honey, fo' thar

ain' nothin' to git skeered about." "What are you talking about, Mammy? What has happened to Doctor Max? Tell me at once."

"Jus' nuffin but what dat no count nigger, Jake, tol' m . He say de doctor skidded, ef yo' know what dat mean, an' dun brought up at de horsepiddle. Lan's sake! Whar yo' goin', Miss Margaret, hab yo' done gone clare crazy?"

For Margeret had left the couch and was making her way slowly, stumblingly toward the veranda through the open window.

Followed by her old nurse and the wondering child, with one intent, to reach the hospital around the corner from her home, she went falteringly on, catching now and then to mammy's shoulder, again straightening herself and walking alone while the old colored woman muttered imprecations upon her son, Jake, whose story had brought about this unheard-of thing.

But the strength, keyed for the moment to unusual exertion could last but a little time. Conscious that it was fast leaving her, Margeret prayed for it to last until she reached the building; prayed that she would be in time to tell him that she was awake at last. Nothing mattered but that hurried until at length she sank ex-St. Luke's.

There were people about who stared at her. Mammy Rose with hands upon her bulging hips glared at them as she sheltered the girl with her huge figure. Then an inspiration came to her and her manner changed to ingratiating blandness.

"Ef one ob yo'alls 'll go up thar an' ask fo' de doctor I suttinly'd be much erbleeged."

"Any one in particular?" some one asked. "Suttinly not," she replied, with

dignity. "Jus' some doctor'll do." She waited long, long enough for the passersby, their curiosity unsatisfied, to go their different ways. Hearing steps behind her she turned and for the second time within the hour gasped out her amazement at the unexpected.

"Fo' Gawds sake! Wot yo' doin' runnin' down dese hyar stairs! Miss Mar'gret an' me fou't yo' was daid!" "Hush Mammy." Doctor Max said imperatively. "Hush." Stooping, he gathered the girl into his arms. Then Margeret spoke.

"I am only tired. Just tired. Is it really you, Max? I was afraid I would never reach you and I wanted so to tell you that I give up. thought I was right, dear, but nothing matters now but just you," and before the scandalized gaze of Mam-my Rose the girl slipped her arms about the big doctor's neck, "jus' as ef she had'n bin brung up 'spectable,' the old woman moaned.

Why He Took Out Insurance.

A life insurance man wrote a large policy on a well-to-do business man not long ago, and when he delivered

the policy asked: "Do you mind telling me why you, a wealthy man, have taken out this

"Men die at the wrong time!" he

shape, when their going will create "You talk nonsense," he returned the least possible disturbance to be starved as well as bodies, only who is worth while always has an some take longer to die than others.

East Kentucky Correspondence News You Get Nowhere Else

correspondence published unless signed in full by the writer. The name is not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. Write plainly.

JACKSON COUNTY Herd

place attended the Red Cross meet- long life, ing at Annville, the Fourth of July. -Misses Myrtle and Icy Farmer returned home Tuesday, after a week's visit with relatives at Olin.-The Citizen and its many readers.

Hugh protracted meeting begins, the 4th Sunday night in this month.-Mr. and Mrs. James Alexander, of near ly is sick, at this writing.-Nellie, Gertie, Martie, and Fannie Abrams all attended the holiness baptizing on Red Lick, Sunday.-Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Benge entertained at dinner, Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. Bob Benge and daughter, Ellen, Mr. and Mrs. Isaacs Burns, Mrs. Van Winkle, and children.-Hurrah for THE CITIZEN. I wish it came twice a week instead of once.

OWSLEY COUNTY Earnestville

Earnestville, July 15 .- Farmers

10:00

11:30

12:00

2:30

3:00

3:30

9:30

10:45

11:00

11:30

2:40

4:00

2:00 p.m.

8:00 p.m.

9:30 a.m.

2:00 p.m.

Convention of Jackson County Christian Churches

To be held at Cave Spring Church, July 26 to 28, 1918

FRIDAY, JULY 26, 1918

SATURDAY, JULY 27, 1918

Morning Session

9:30 a.m. Devotional Service J. B. McGowan

Afternoon Session

Bible Schools Brown
The Demand For Widows' and Orphans'

Home J. S Our Need of Co-operation With State Mis-

Night Session

SUNDAY, JULY 28, 1918

Morning Session

Lunsford or State Worker

Afternoon Session

Night Session

Jackson County Work

Adjournment

Adjournment

Communion

Round Table

Adjournment

Devotional Services

Bible

Our Church Program R. B. Baker Bible School Problems S. P. Pittman

Devotional Service Z. Ball The Need For Better Organization in Our

School Session-Directed by James

Devotional Service J. S. Hilton

Sermon Z. Bail

Devotional Service . . J. B. McGowan or State Worker

Sermon James Lunsford

These Trying Days" ... Miss Annie Powell

...... R. B. Baker

'The Need of Woman's Work in the Church in

County Work J. B. McGowan and Jemes Lunsford

sions R. B. Baker

Brown Farmer

J. S. Hilton

Night Session

at Vincent.-Two of Tilford Creech's children have measles .- John Bot-Herd, July 13.-Farmers are put- ner and Miss Della Lynch were ting in good time taking care of quietly married last Saturday evenoats and grass.-Several from this ing. We wish them success and a

GARRARD COUNTY Paint Lick

Paint Lick, July 14 .- Miss Iona singing at Mt. Gilead is progressing Dunn, of Lancaster, is teaching the made an interesting talk at the teacher of the Bible Class. nicely with Mr. George Miller as Stony Point school.-Bro. Tinder teacher.-Mrs. Cora Estridge, of Cin- is conducting a series of meetings cinnati, is visiting relatives at this at the Fairview Christian Church. place .- Mr. and Mrs. Chester Mc- - Mrs. Tom Ralston and daughter, Daniel and Miss Mattie Parker, all Mrs. Tolly Cornett and Mrs. Oscar of Burning Springs, are visiting Mr. Hammack and sister, Mrs. John and Mrs. I. S. McGeorge, at this Anderson, recently visited her son, writing .- Mr. Bob and family, who Frank Ralston, who is in Camp have been at Hamilton, Ohio, for Sherman, Georgia.-Bryan Gastinsome time, have moved back to their eau, of Hyattsville, has enlisted in David Singleton as teacher .- Willis gregation, Saturday at 2:00 p.m .old home at this place .- Mrs. Mary the Navy .- Mrs. Walter Davis and Farmer is visiting her daughter at Mrs. Bryant, of Bryantsville, took Olin this week.-John Amyx and supper with Mrs. Bradley Mont-Jimmie Davis, both of this place. gomery, July 5 .-- Mr. and Mrs. Cam left yesterday morning for Hamil- Lewis, Mrs. Mae Hudson, Mrs. W.-C. ton, Ohio, where they expect to Haley and son, William, and Miss seek employment.—Hurrah for The Etta Lewis, of Berea, spent Sun- to Middletown, Ohio, to secure and Mrs. Bennett Roope, of Frank-Hugh, July 15 .- The crop report fort, motored over, Saturday, to along this little valley is very bad spend the week end with her -nothing like as good as this time parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Noe. last year.-Jake Cates and John They brot with them little Miss Eva Cates are called for military duty Wynn, who had been visiting her and will have to leave here July for a week .- Miss Mary Day and Steve is a fine looking soldier .-16.-Everette Benge is sick .- Mr. John Tatum, Jr., were married in Hazel Carter, who has typhoid, is here, Sunday.-The singing choir of friends extend best wishes to met at the church house, Sunday them .- Mrs. John Lackey and daughnight, for the purpose of practicing ter, Mary Elizabeth, of Kingston, Mr. and Mrs. Alpha Pean and chil-daughter, Miss Rosa.—School will on some new songs before our were guests of W. B. Lackey, Saturday and Sunday.-W. C. Wynn and son. Boyd, have purchased a new Chevrolet car from White & this place, are rejoicing over a 12 Riddle.—The store at Nina, belongpound boy.-Claud Powell visited his ing to William Whittaker, burned sister, Sunday.-Little Albert Crow- Thursday night.-Frank Davis left, Monday, for Ft. Thomas.

Harmony Harmony, July 8 .- On the fifth Sunday in June, Rev. W. M. C. Hutchins, of this place, and Dr. T. B. Lyne, of Crab Orchard, attended the dedication of the New Baptist Church house at Ephesus.-Barney Adams was up at Crab Orchard, Saturday, and bought some War Savings Stamps .- Mrs. J. B. Hutchins and daughter, Elsie, were visiting at Mrs. W. M. C. Hutchins last week.-Misses Mae and Bertha Jones visited their uncle John Jones last

-Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Dunnigan gave ing which was badly needed.-W. C. man and family this week.-The of Berea, with Mr. and Mrs. Sam asm in interpreting to the people borhood: C. B. Kidd and Hugh the young folks a social, Wednes- Hoskins sold a bunch of lambs to fruit is a little scarce around here; Lambert, gave a family reunion at that "it's the will, not the gift, that Campbell were changed from 3rd day night, in honor of some boys E. L. Wilson for 16 cents per lb. who were called to the Army, re- Harmony, July 15 .- There will be apples not so plentiful .- Hurrah for cently; all reported a fine time.-A preaching at Harmony Baptist The Citizen and its many readers. large crowd attended the ice cream Church, next Sunday, by the Rev. supper Saturday night, given by W. H. Bryant, of Cartersville.-The James McQueen and Harrison Rev. W. M. C. Hutchins, of this Tacket.—Chester Brewer, a soldier place and Pr T. B. Lyne attended

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY Cooksburg

Crooked school house, Friday, A large crowd was there to hear him. -Mrs. Mary McGuire left Sunday for Dayton, O., where her husband is employed.—Saturday and Sunday were regular church days at Cave Ridge, also the holiness meeting in Saturday Morris Valley the same days .-Singleton is working with the bridge carpenters, near Mullins is nearly a failure.-James Hurley is cradling oats for S. S. Grifflin this week .- C. L. Thomas has gone day with Mrs. J. T. Thompson .- Mr. work .- Best wishes from the writer.

Wildie Wildie, July 15 .- Ella, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Coffey. has typhoid fever .-Point, was with homefolks Sunday. He leaves today for Fort Thomas .family .- Mrs. Julia Mennefee re- cess. rived safely overseas .- Mrs. Mollie Fair View Church, Saturday night and sister.

Crab Orchard, were visiting at Mrs. visited relatives here yesterday and W. M. C. Hutchins, last week .- | today. The protracted meeting at Mrs. Mat Collett has gone to visit the Log Lick Christian Church will her sister at Columbus, Indiana .- | regin August 11 and will be con-Captain Johnson's wife and child- ducted by the pastor, the Rev. Jas. ren have gone to visit her father Lunsford, of Dreyfus.-The service and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Carlow fing of this place now has seven Brock, of Pittsburg.—Crops are look- stars to represent the seven boys in ing reasonably well here, consider- Uncle Sam's big Army.-Willie Haring the cool, dry weather .- Suc- mon was killed by Henry Merrett, cess to The Citizen and its new his uncle, one day last week, near here; the cause of the trouble was trivial and Mr. Merrett is out on bond .- Miss Helen Christie, of Omaha, Neb., was here last Mon-Cooksburg, July 15 .- Mrs. Sarah day, to attend the burial of her Vanzout is in very poor health this brother who was drowned in Rock summer.-It has been quite cold for River.-Our Sunday-school is prothe past two weeks, and the corn gressing fine, with Cyruş White as crop is suffering.-J. M. Robison superintendent and Dr. A. T. Neal

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY Conway

Conway, July 14.-Everbody endren, of Hiatt, spent Sunday with begin tomorrow, with Mrs. W. E. Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Reynolds and Wynn, teacher. May it be a suc-

joyed the good holiness singing last candidate, J. M. Robison, gave an School is progressing nicely, with interesting lecture to a large con-Barney Jones and brother-in-law. T. L. Gill, will leave Monday for DR. B. F. ROBINSON Station .- The oat crop in this part Benham, Harlan, where they have secured employment for the Coke & Coal Co.—Some boys leave today for military service; among them were Pointer, and Earl Phillips.-Mrs. T. L. Gill and infant visited her stepfather, J. G. Jones, of Scaffold Cane. part of last week .- S. P. Caudill has sickness and trouble will be sadly as to the probability of a volcanic purchased a new Ford .- Mr. Chap-Stephen Langford, from West pell's family, who have been con- her illness of over a year, she was scientists and students of topogfined with measles, are improving .- patient and prayerful that God's raphy, but so far, theories as to the Mrs. Delilia Goed and little daugh- will might be done, and was ready cause of this novel and interesting ter. Joan, continue to visit her to go when the summons came. The freak of nature have proven unand Mrs. Isaacs Burns were visitors Richmond, Wednesday. Their host gradually getting better.—Earl mother, Mrs. Polly Dean,—Mrs. sympathy of the whole community satisfactory.—Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Phillips was called to military duty. Allie Berry and daughter, Hazel, is extended to the family in this, Coyle, of Toledo, O., are visiting visited Mrs. Thompson Dalton and their hour of sorrow.

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Bacteriologist DR. ALSON BAKER

Visiting hours 1:30 to 4:30 and 7:00 to 8.00 p. m., daily

Baptist Church, having joined there ber of visitors from a distance have

Surgery

CARD OF THANKS

ceived a fard today, telling her Conway, July 15.-Brother Gooch helpfulness during the sickness and chosen by Mr. Coyle from a group that her son, John H. Mennefee ar- filled his regular appointment at the death of our beloved wife, mother of thirteen children recently sent

Blue Lick Blue Lick, July 8 .- Quite a num-

Fourth at Berea and helped to swell the receipts from the Red Cross dinner and the picture show .thusiasm;" consequently, our worthy now training in a Southern camp. trustee, Mack Johnson, of Blue Lick district No. 7, when confronted with the fact that Uncle Sam expected the having very cool weather; crops are stupendous loan of \$3,300 in the still looking well; hay is above the W. S. S. movement, was staggered. average and the farmers have gotten But we are glad to announce that it all up in fine shape without Mack's continual pushing and as- having it damaged by rain.-There doctors affirm.

Clay Lick, July 13.-On Wednes- has been full of activity for the ney and several other young folks two children, three sisters and one notwithstanding the adverse conand today.—The Misses Grace and dying in infancy. She has been a He plans to hold a week's meeting. Martha Guy, of the L. & E. Junction, life-long member of the Silver Creek beginning August 1.—Quite a num-

Edwin Rice, Harman Skidmore, Wm. at the age of fifteen years. Her visited Blue Lick recently to indeath is a distinct loss to the com- vestigate the origin of the knobs munity, as well as to her immediate designated in this section as the family, and her ministrations in "Crater." Many wild speculations missed. During all the period of eruption have been hazarded by the parents of Mrs. Coyle, Mr. and Mrs. Hensley. The Coyles recently adopted a French orphan, a bright We wish to heartily thank all our handsome boy, two and one-half friends and neighbors for their kind years of age, named Paul. He was to this country for adoption into Thomas Taylor and Family. American homes .- Miss Frances Sproule, formerly a student of Berea College, but a teacher for the past two years in a girls' school at ber from Blue Lick attended the Aurora, Ill., is spending vacation with Miss Myrtle Johnson .- John W. Flanery, recently employed as an Agricultural Demonstrator in Ten-"Every great movement in the annals nessee, was included in the draft of the world is the triumph of en- and has entered the service. He is

Wallaceton, July 14.-We are

Wallaceton

no peaches, no blackberries, and their home the Fourth. All report makes the giver," has overcome the to 1st class .- D. S. Botkin was visit-Covington, is visiting her mother, aggregate of \$410 for the two near Frankfort last week .- Miss Mrs. Lucy Beldon, this week .- Mrs. meetings. With equal success for Smithie Botkin is home again from James Cox, who has been sick for the remainder of the year, we an- an extended visit with her sister. the past week, is able to be out ticipate reaching the high tide Mrs. T. R. Brown.-Finley Peters is again .- Miss Mary Riche of this mark .- We are having a splendid visiting his sister, Mrs. Emily Kidd, Grover Thomas, at Mina.-Miss Liza or a "grilly washer," but a gentle Taylor County is visiting Mrs. Kidd. Miller, from Berea, visited her sis- downpour of long continuance and -James A. Baker, of this place. ter, Mrs. Tom Mou, over Sunday .- Old Mother Earth is greedily con- lost his old trusty horse, aged 33 Felix Howard, from Leslie County, serving it in the interest of vegi- years,-Miss Artie Abrams, of Big visited his brother, Mat Howard, the tation .- Farmers fear damage to Hill, is teaching the school in Walpast week .- In the past month there their oat crop as it is in the shock laceton with a full attendance. Oshave been about twenty-five rattle yet, waiting to be baled. Continual car Gabbard and wife were calling was short .- Miss Sargent enter, The patrons in Wallaceton School tained her Sunday-school with a District subscribed about \$760 to the delightful picnic at Blue Lick War Stamps.-Russell Frazier goes church, on Saturday evening, serv- to the camp tomorrow (Monday). Vine, July 6.—Crops look well in ing to each a bounteous supply of Frank Knight, (colored), goes Tues-

-The Rev. Johnson has begun a their affliction and trust that the the baptism at Knob Lick Creek, operation will be successful as the July 7, at 3:30 p.m..—Jeff Reed was the guest of Erby Bicknell and Blue Lick, July 15.—The past week Estella Bicknell and Miss Ethel Abday, July 3, 1918, our community was farmers, mowing and baling oats of Red Lick were the guests of Miss saddened by the death of Mrs. Tom and hay, cultivating corn and to- Susie Bicknell last Sunday.—Corn again; pastures are dry.

> Dreyfus Dreyfus, July 15 .- Mrs. Bradley Alexander and baby, of Blooming-

Save Wheat for Our Soldiers

Good Light Bread and Biscuit can be made from

POTTS' RYE FLOUR

Order a sack from your Grocer and be Convinced

are all busy saving their grass and Sunday.-J. C. Wilson is having a Stewart, of near Richmond, is visit- and Sunday, with large attendance. laying by corn.—Born to Mr. and large tobacco barn built.—Wade ing relatives and friends here.—Mr. Mrs. Leonard Murphy, July 6, a Jones has been on the sick list .- and Mrs. J. H. Brannaman, of Confour pound girl, named Kathaleen. We are having a fine rain this morn- way, are visiting Mrs. Julia Branna-

CLAY COUNTY Malcom

Malcom, July 13 .- The farmers of located somewhere in California, ac- church at Holdom last Saturday and this vicinity have finished their corn, place, is visiting her brother-in-law, rain today; not a "ground sizzler," the past week; also her father from companied by his friend, Miss Sunday and while there, Dr. Lyne but are very busy taking care of Voia Zimmerton, of Kings Mills, O., gave a one patriotic address.-Miss their hay and oat crops, which are are the welcome visitors at James Viola Tribbie, of Hyattsville, has reported very good.—Gardens are McQueen's and his father, John commenced teaching the school at fine in this part.—We are quite Brewer, this week .- Wm. Marcum Harmony .- Mrs. D. W. Faulkner, of sorry to have to give up our beis conducting a series of meetings Berea, and Mrs. Mary E. Shaw, of loved friend. Major Ponder, who has been suffering so long with cancer of the stomach. Mr. Ponder quietly passed away, July 9th, leaving a wife, four daughters, two sons, and a host of friends. We extend our deepest sympathies to the bereaved ones.-Felix and J. L. Pennington of this place have gone to seek employment in Hamilton, O .-Sgt. Ben F. Browning, who was wounded May 28th in action in France is reported to be improving nicely.-On Tuesday night Cornelius Fields and Florence Fields, both of Adele, eloped to Manchester and were married Wednesday morning. Ponder is still very poorly.-Some of W. L. Flanery, formerly of Berea, Coffey Moberly has been visiting They left on the early morning the boys of this place have been is now located in Fredericklin, Mo., friends and relatives here before train. Our best wishes for a long called to the colors. There are in government employ. He writes leaving to attend the call to the happy future follow them .- Mrs. Liza Browning attended the Eastern Sunday-school is still improving, there with much enthusiasm. He are sorry to see him go.—The pro-Star Lodge held at Sextons Creek last Saturday.

CLARK COUNTY Log Lick

who has been working in Hamilton, gardens are looking fine. Ohio, came home yesterday to stay awhile. He reports work plentiful.-Talt Eubanks, Booney Crow and Emil Rice, all of Log Lick, will leave in the morning for Fort Thomas to enter the receiving camp there.-The Rev. D. H. Matherly, Taylor. She leaves her husband, bacco crops. -Tobacco looks fine, crops are looking fine in this secwife and little daughter and sister, Miss Laura, all of Richmond, came brother to mourn her loss. On Feb. ditions of transplanting.—W. S. with their crop. Rain is needed over last Wednesday to visit their ruary 16, 1888, she was united in Ray, of Lancaster, preached Satkinsmen who will soon enter upon marriage to Tom Taylor and to this arday and Sunday at Blue Lick Army life .- Ace Kerr, of Winchester, union three children were born, of Church. He was exempted from visited home folks here yesterday whom two are living, the youngest service as a minister of the gospel.

-School will begin at Fairview. Morday .- Miss Rilda Chandler, of surance is putting the difficulty have been several changes made in Broadhead, and Miss Mollie Woodall, out of countenance and his enthusi- classifying the boys in this neigha fine time.—Mrs. J. S. Pore, from apparent impossibility, realizing an ing his daughter, Mrs. T. R. Brown snakes killed and captured in this drought necessitated mowing, as it on D. S. Botkin, Sunday evening,-

CLAY COUNTY

Vine this vicinity.-Tise Hornsby, of ice cream cones. A bounteous and day.-Mr. Highland, of Richmond. Green Hall, was at this place on elaborate supper was served at the is visiting Claud Kidd .- Mrs. Winnie business, recently .- Mrs. David Hur- home of S. Hollinsworth, to the Botkin is on the sick list. ley, who has been sick, is better .- managers and other friends, after A. J. Maupin is still improving.—The the picnic.—Ayleen Manious will Panola, July 14.—Mrs. Rosie singings at the Maulden School visit friends and relatives in Ows- Spivey, of Hamilton, Ohio, is visithouse Tuesday and Friday nights ley County this week .- Oscar Kim- ing her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. P. were enjoyed by all present .- M. M. brell has a new rubber tire buggy .- Walton for a few weeks .- David many prayers for their return.- that the Fourth was celebrated colors on July 15. His many friends with eighty scholars now enrolled had the prize "float"-represent- tracted meeting at Knob Lick ended and J. N. Roberts as superintendent. ing the Food Administration.—Dan- with eight additions to the church. -Harvesting is all the go. Wheat iel Tayne takes his baby to the Roband oats are very good.-We have inson Hospital this week for an op-protracted meeting at Thomas school been blessed with plenty of good eration for hair lip. Friends and house which is expected to last two Log Lick, July 14.—Burnam Spry, rain for the past three weeks, and neighbors deeply sympathize in this weeks.—Most everybody attended

MADISON COUNTY Clay Lick

Kill Weeds If You Can't Now Kill Germans